



UIT The Arctic University of Norway

Designing and Optimizing a Sea-Spray Collector using CFD

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Ph.D. candidate

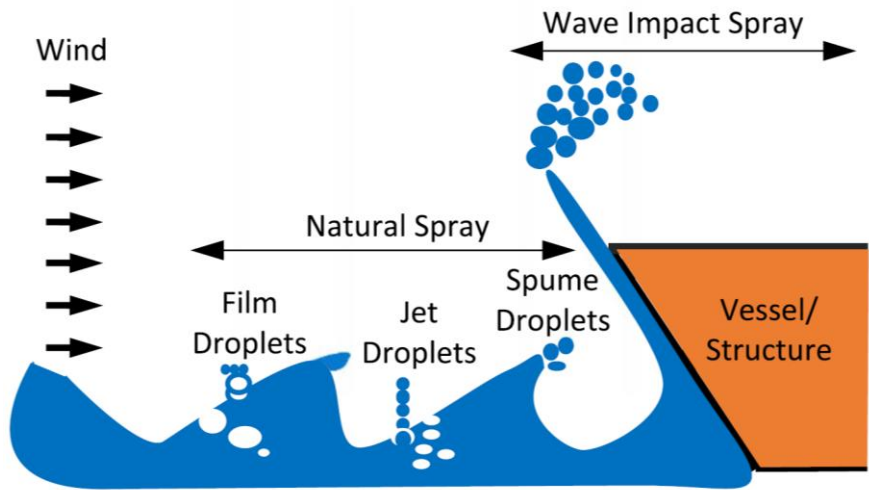
sushmit.dhar@uit.no



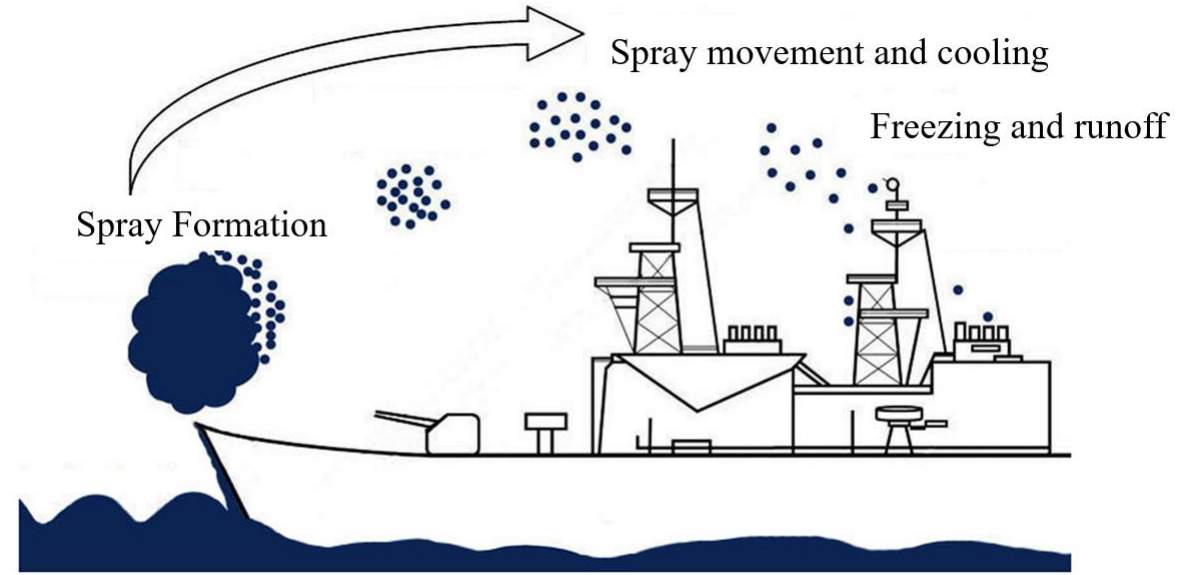
Multidisciplinary approach for spray icing modeling and decision support in the Norwegian maritime sector (SPRICE)

<https://en.uit.no/project/sprice>

Sea spray icing



Mintu et al., 2020



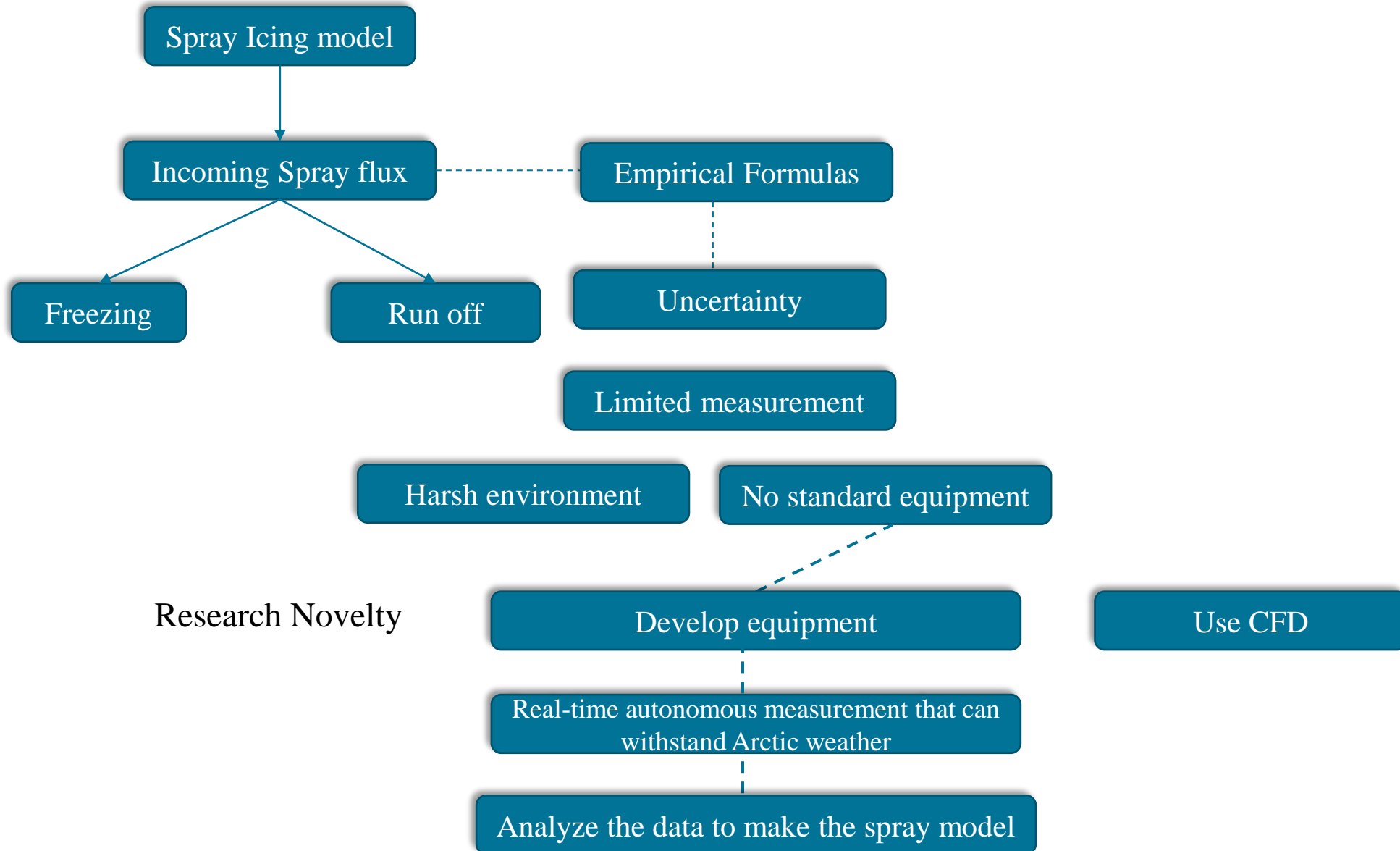
Dehghani et al., 2017



The sinking of the fishing vessel ONEGA, which led to the loss of 17 lives on 28 December 2020 while fishing west of Novaya Zemlya.

Dhar et al., 2022

Sea spray icing modeling



Stokes number: sea spray

- sea spray particle size: $1\mu\text{m} - 7.7\text{ mm}$

$$\text{Particle Stokes number } (St_p) = \frac{\text{Time to react to changes in fluid flow}}{\text{Time of changes in fluid flow}}$$

k- ϵ RANS turbulence model

- We are not interested in the details of the turbulence
- Qualitative approach
- Faster computation

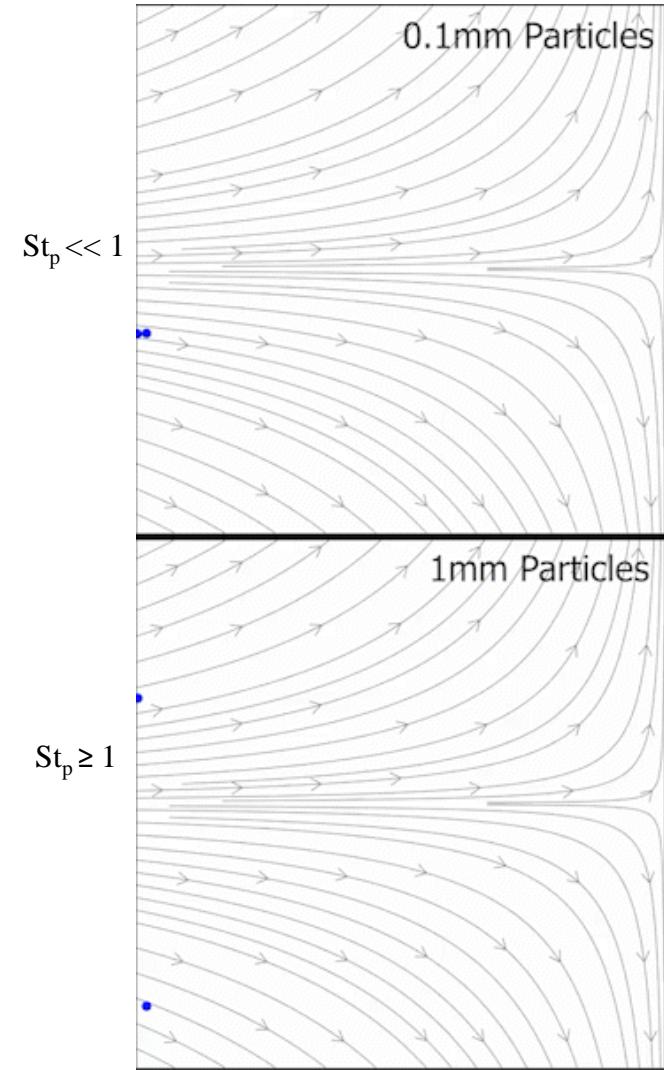


Fig. Comparison between two different particle sizes for tracking accuracy for PIV simulated particles in a stagnation point flow field (wiki commons)

Review and analysis of past sea-spray measurements

Toilet paper rolls

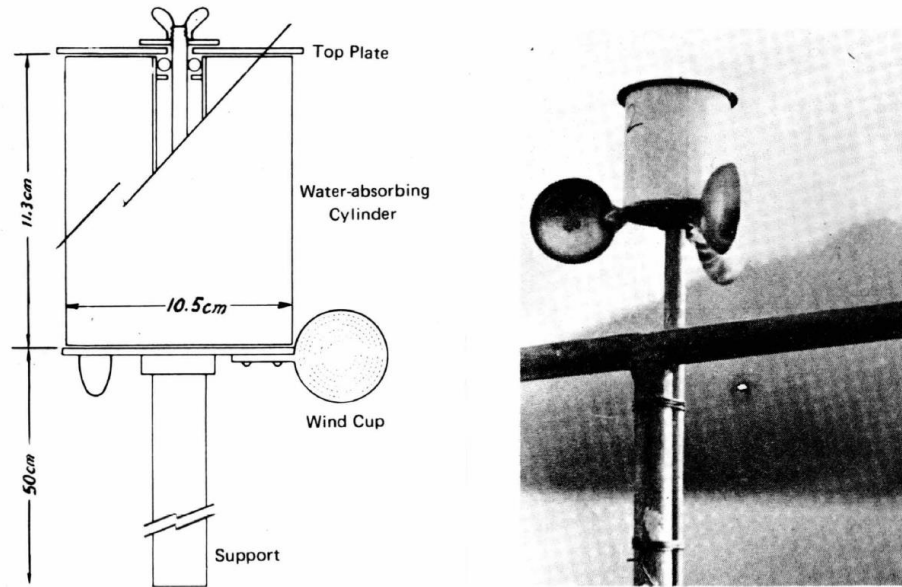


Figure 10. Sea spray collector. (Tabata 1969) (Copyright, T. Tabata; reprinted by permission.)

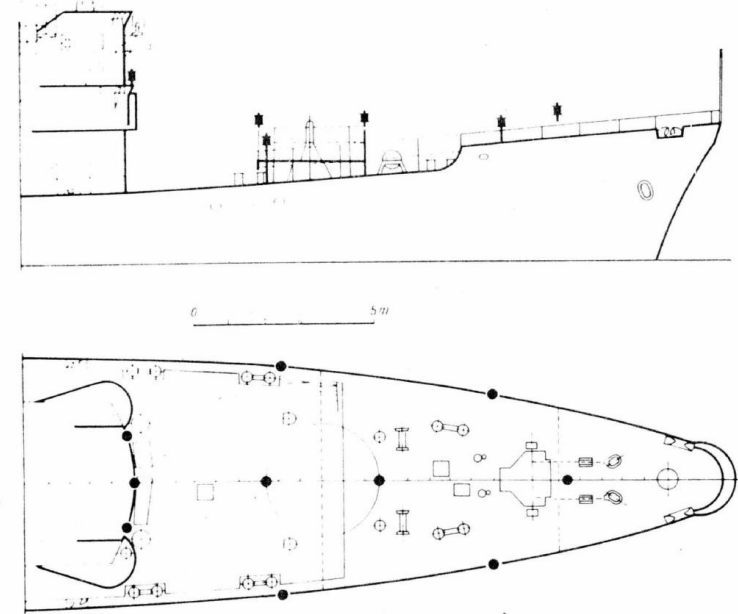
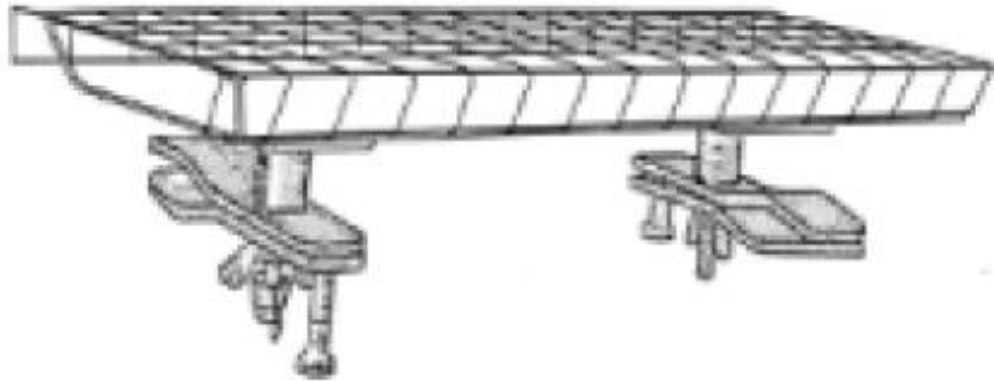


Figure 11. Distribution of sea spray collectors on board ship. (Tabata, 1969) (Copyright, T. Tabata; reprinted by permission).

Tabata, 1969

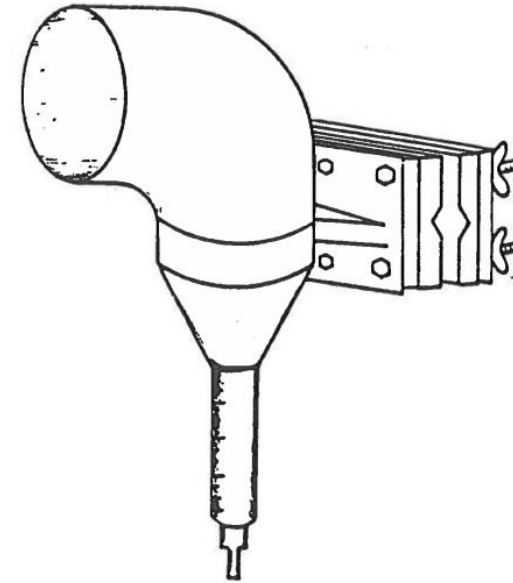
Review and analysis of past sea-spray measurements

Baby diapers



Measurements for ICEMOD (Jorgensen, 1984, 1985, 1986)

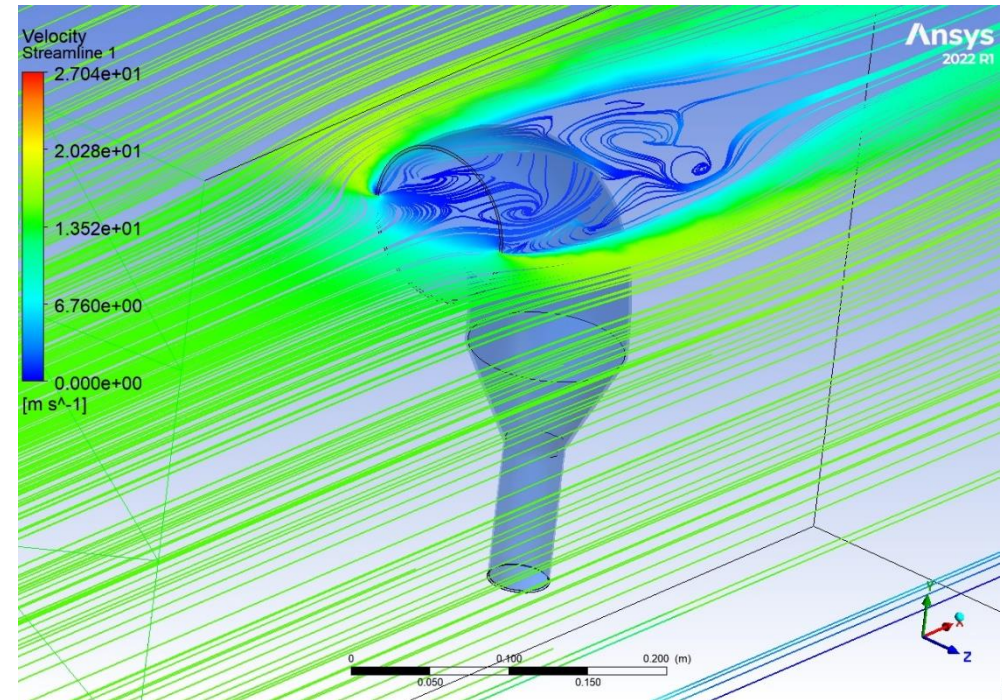
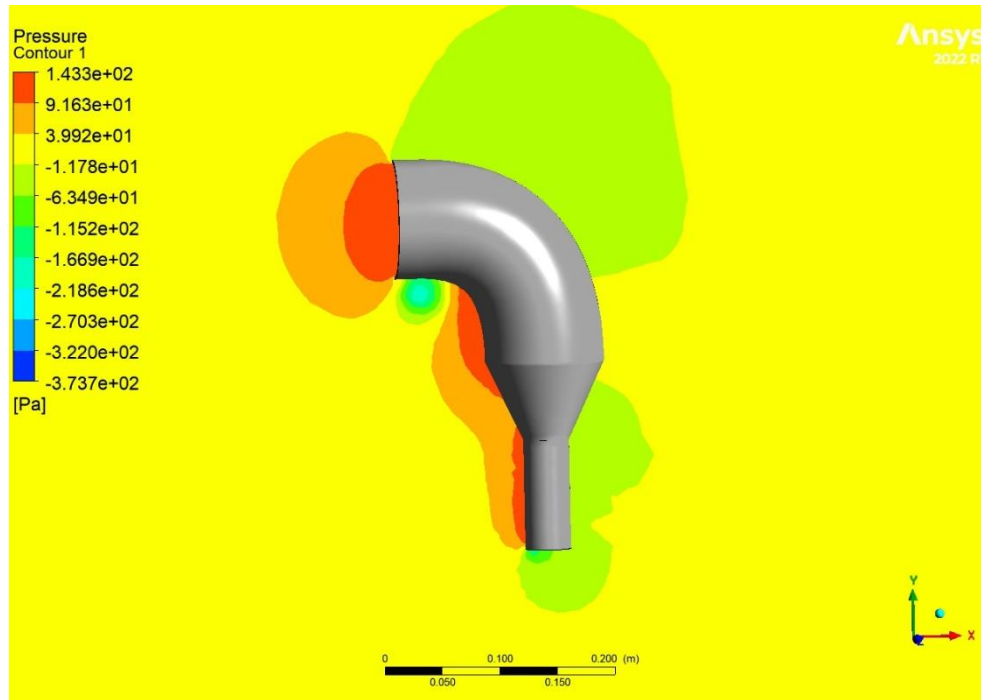
Bend pipe collector, 10 cm diameter



Horjen et al. (1986)

Review and analysis of past sea-spray measurements

Bend pipe collector, 10 cm diameter



CFD RANS simulation, wind speed 15 m/s

Review and analysis of past sea-spray measurements

45-gallon drums

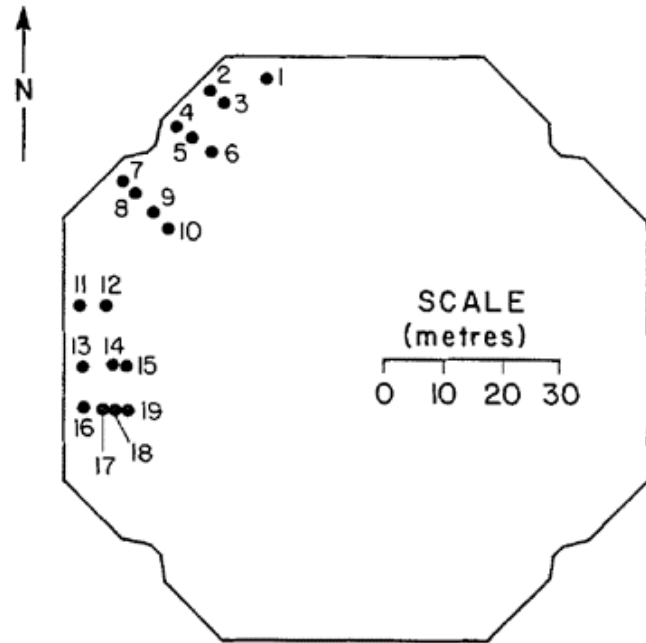


FIG. 5. Plan view of typical drum layout for the field study.

Tarsuit Island, an artificial caisson-based island in the Beaufort Sea

Measurements for RIGICE (Muzik, 1991)

Review and analysis of past sea-spray measurements



Counts spray particles 100 to 1,000 μm in diameter,
but sea-spray 1 to 7700 μm (Ryerson, 1995)

Ozeki (2016)



FIG. 2. The DMT CIP and the Gill sonic anemometer/thermometer mounted on the foghorn platform on Mount Desert Rock.

Cloud Imaging Probe (Andreas, 2016)

Review and analysis of past sea-spray measurements

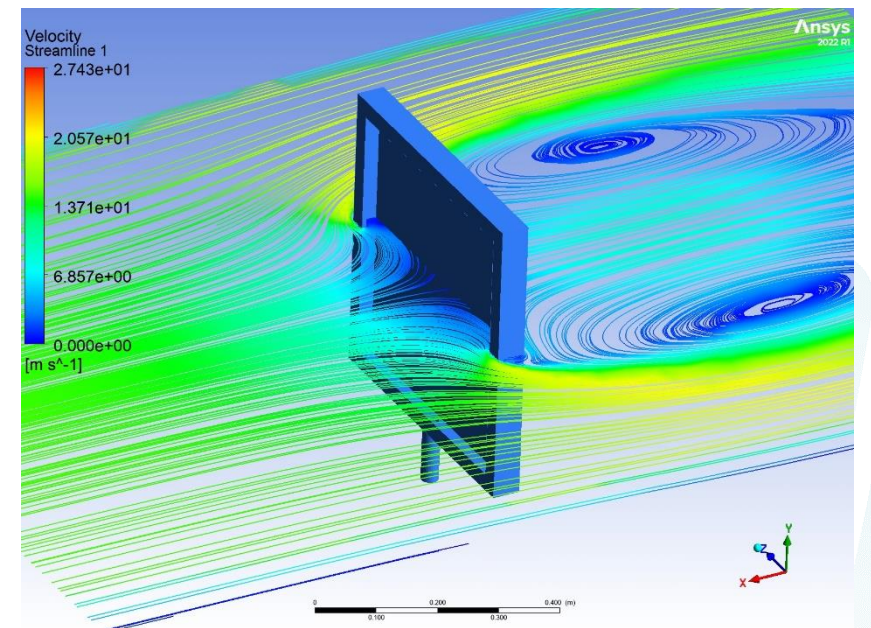
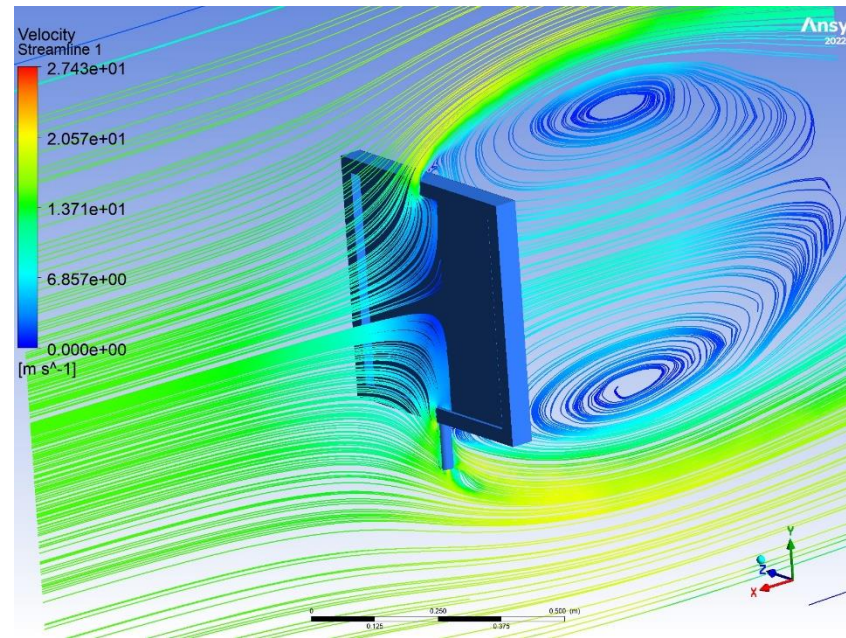
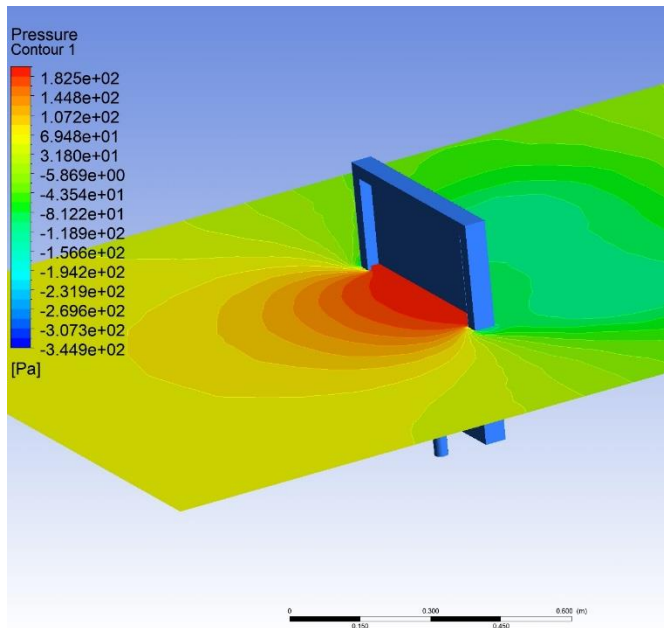
RigSpray design (Teigen et al., 2019)



Figure 3. (a) Technical drawing of the collector plate and instrument cabinet assembly mounted on a vertical column, (b) Internal view of the instrument cabinet, (c) Close-up of tipping bucket in upright position, (d) Close-up of tipping bucket in tilted position.

Review and analysis of past sea-spray measurements

RigSpray design (Teigen et al., 2019)



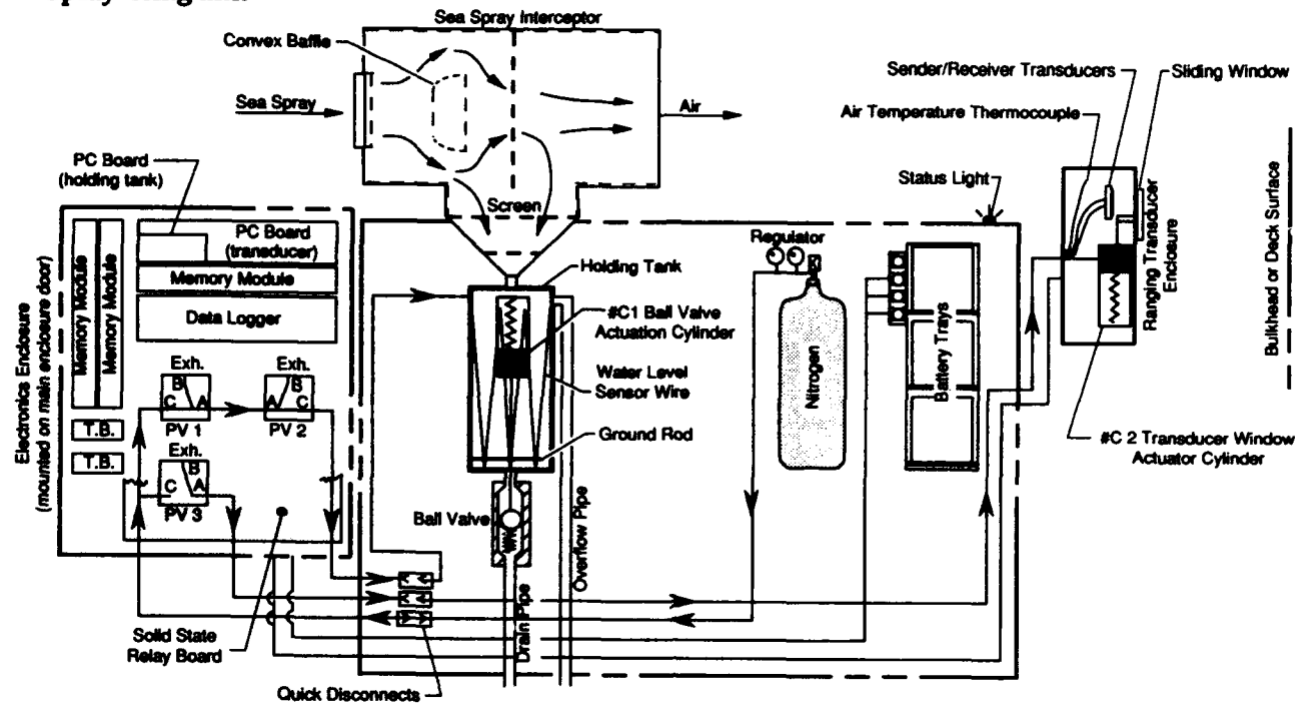
CFD RANS 15 m/s

Review and analysis of past sea-spray measurements

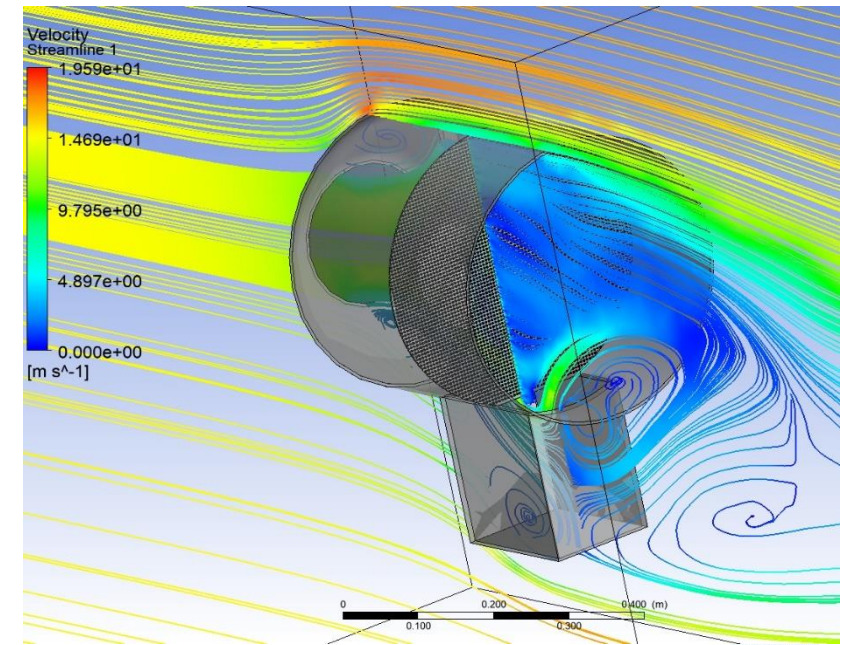
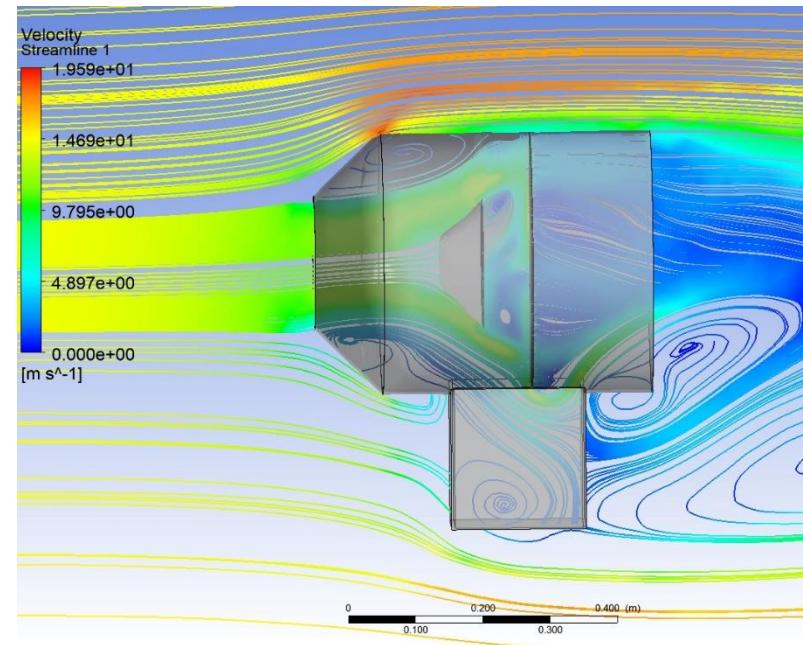
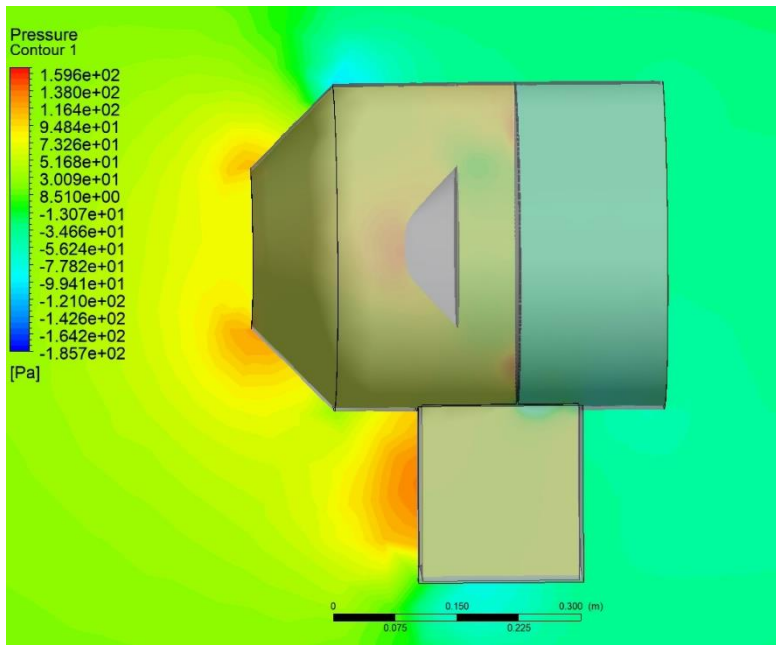


Ryerson (1992) Midgett design

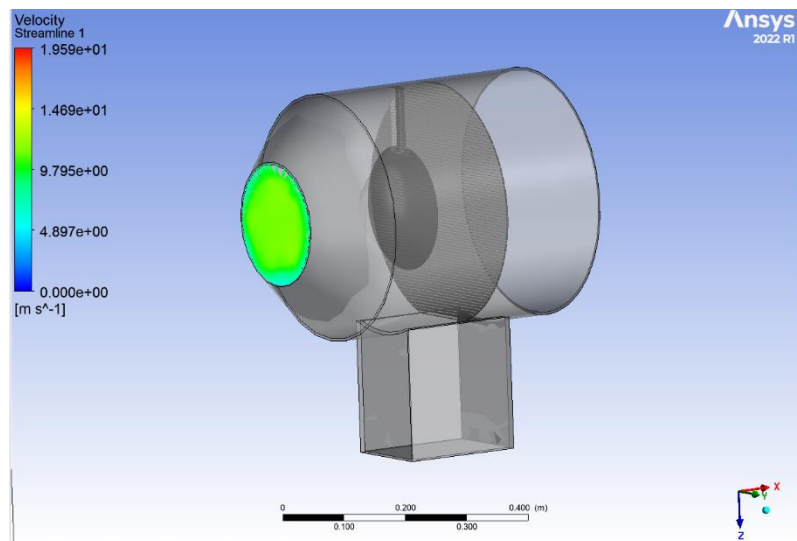
Spray-icing unit



Review and analysis of past sea-spray measurements



CFD RANS 15 m/s



Ryerson (1992) Midgett design

Initial wind speed- 15 m/s

Average Velocity on the inlet plane of the collector - 10.7034 m/s

Average Pressure on the inlet plane of the collector - 79.3363 Pa

Efficiency = (Average velocity at the collector inlet plane / Initial wind speed) x 100
= **71.356%**

Review and analysis of past sea-spray measurements

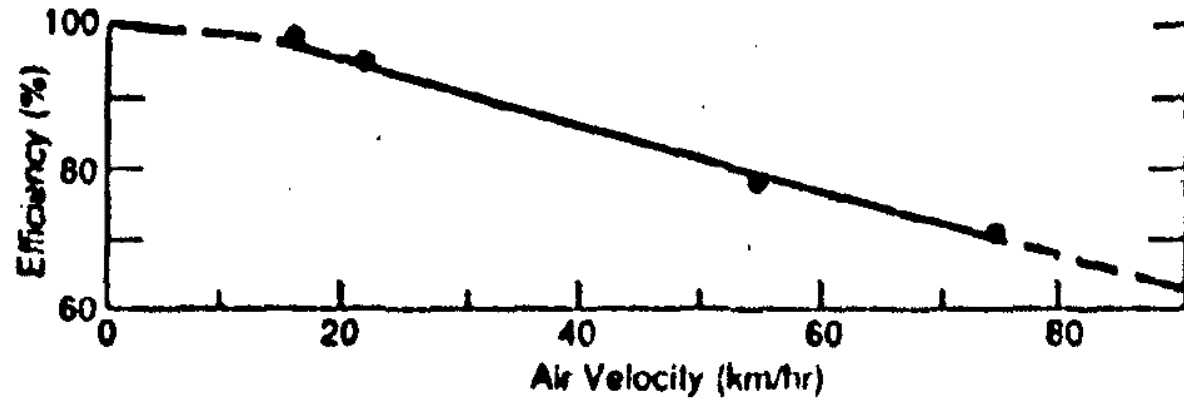
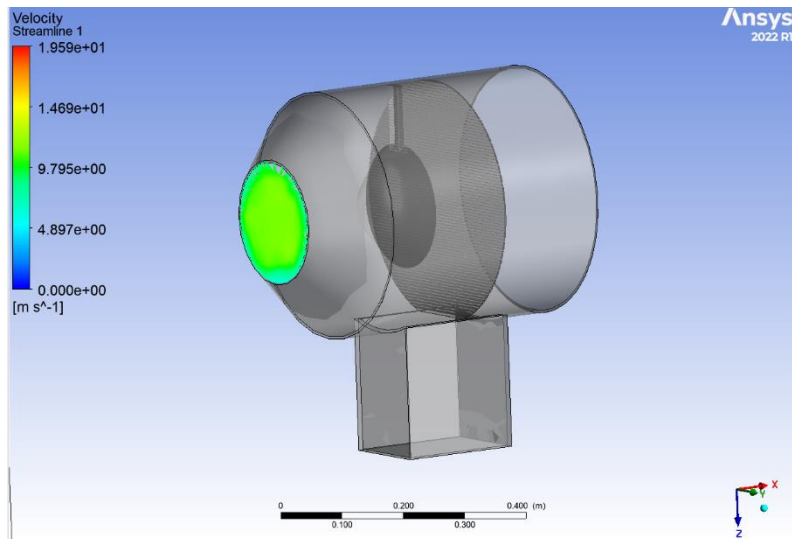


Figure 25. Efficiency curve for horizontal collector droplet interception (from Walsh et al. 1992).



Ryerson (1992) Midgett design

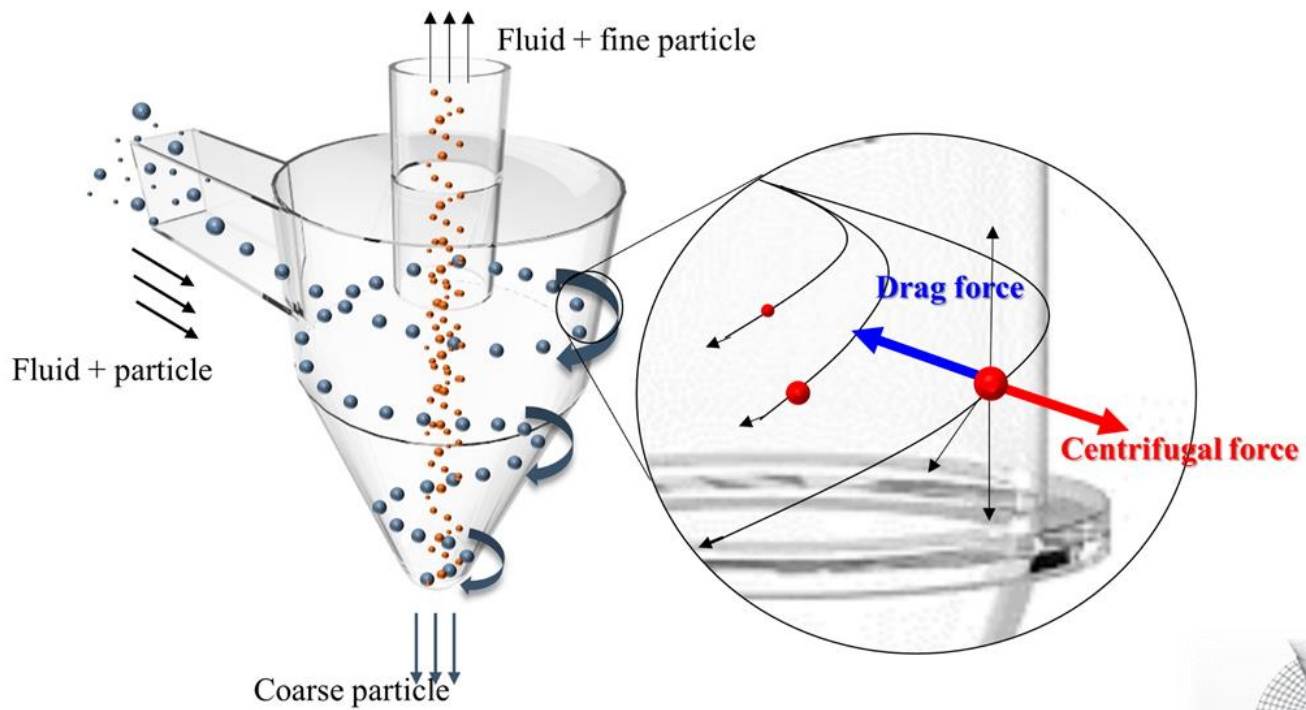
Initial wind speed- 15 m/s

Average Velocity on the inlet plane of the collector - 10.7034 m/s

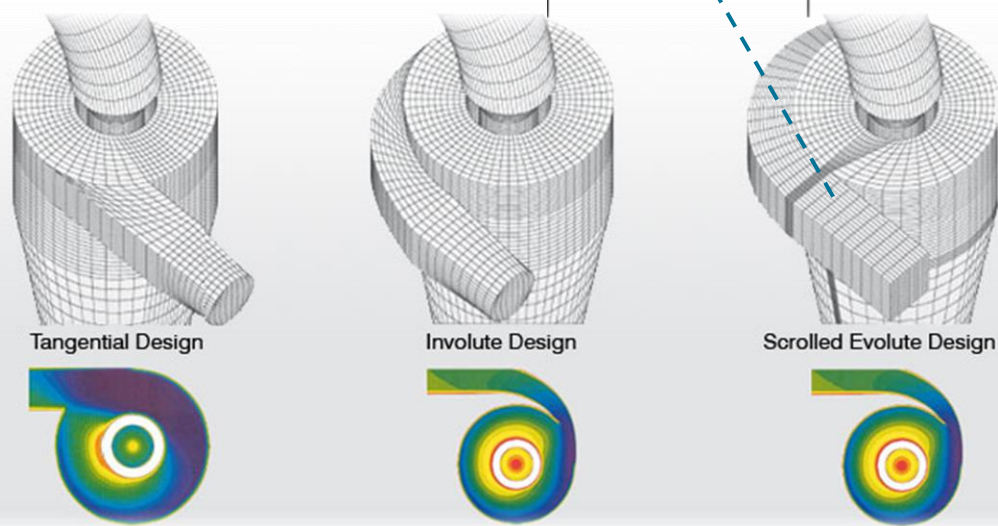
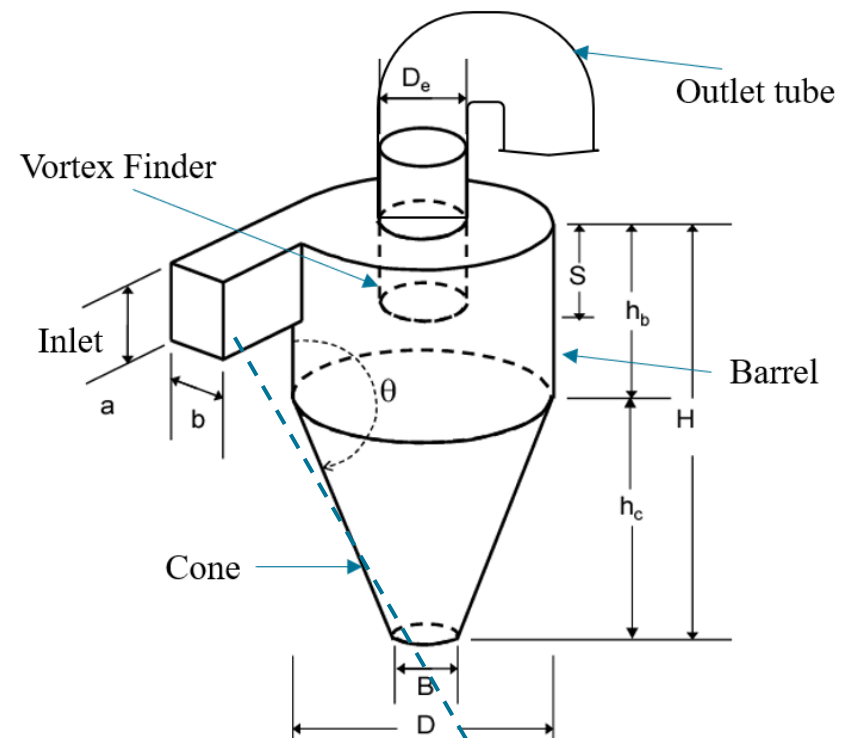
Average Pressure on the inlet plane of the collector - 79.3363 Pa

$$\text{Efficiency} = (\text{Average velocity at the collector inlet plane} / \text{Initial wind speed}) \times 100$$
$$= 71.356\%$$

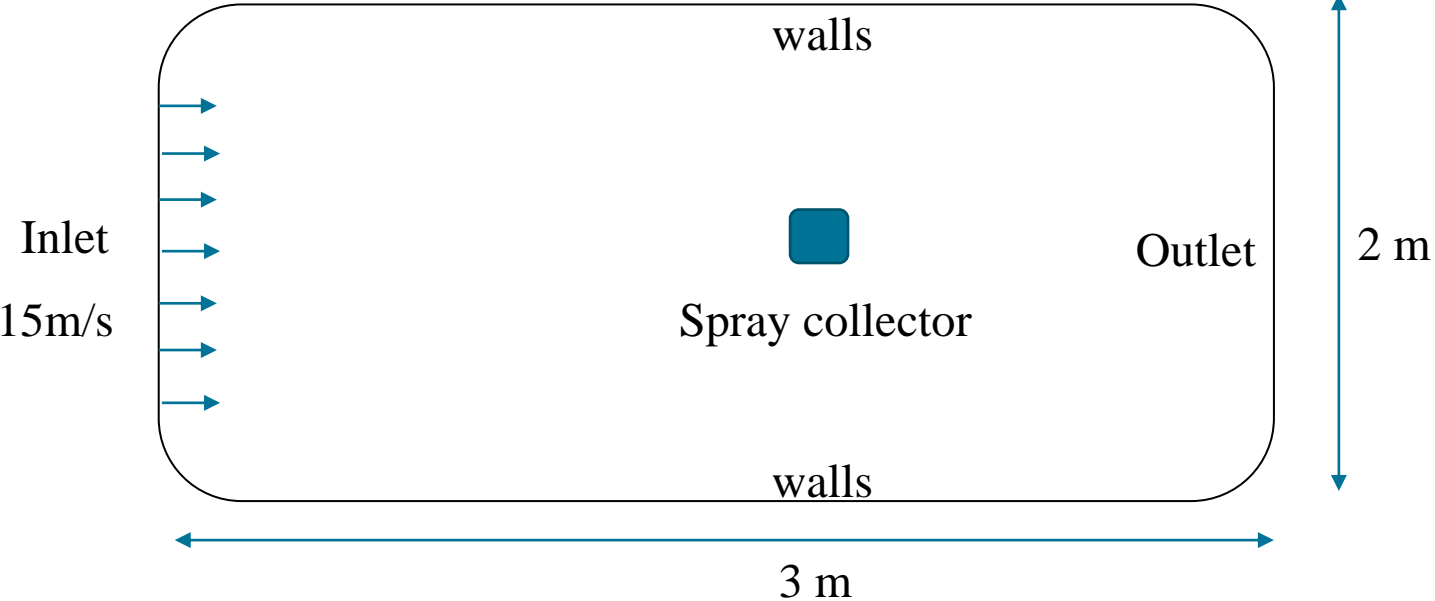
Cyclone separator



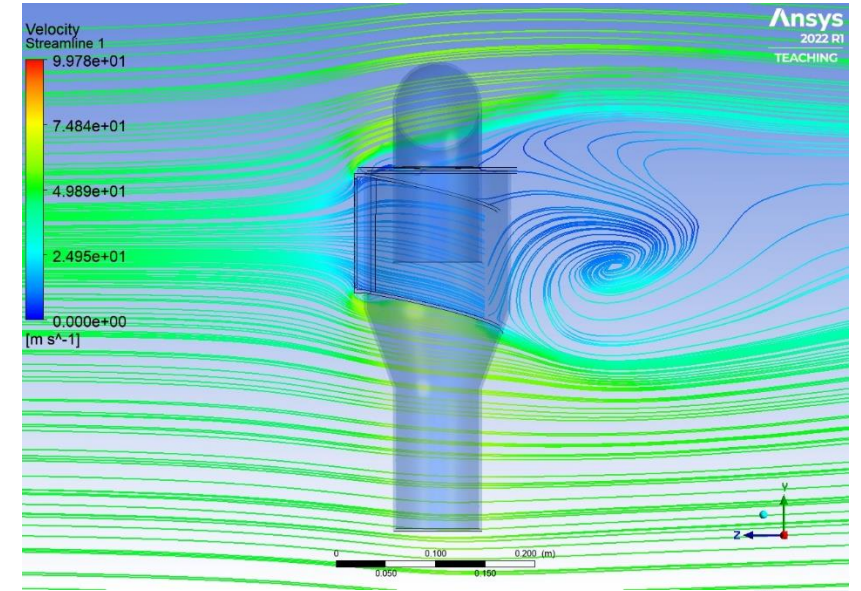
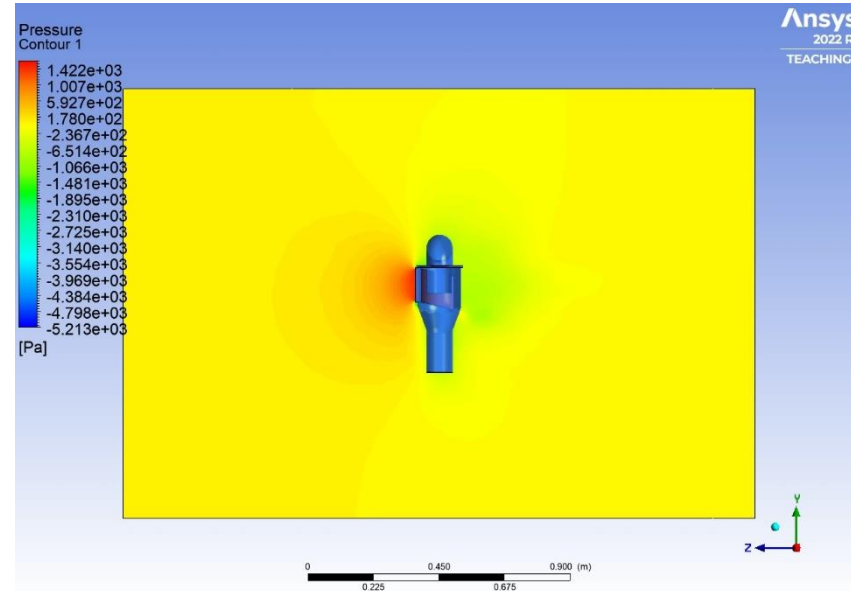
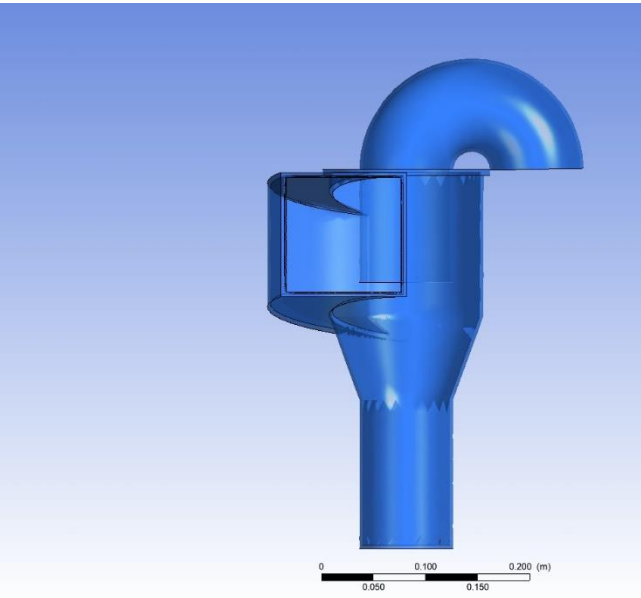
(Park & Go, 2020)



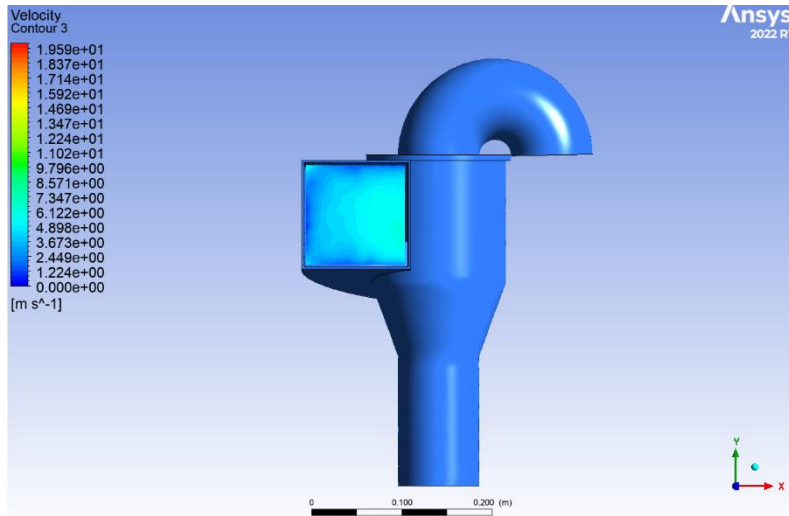
Wind tunnel Simulation



Attempt 1 – spray collector



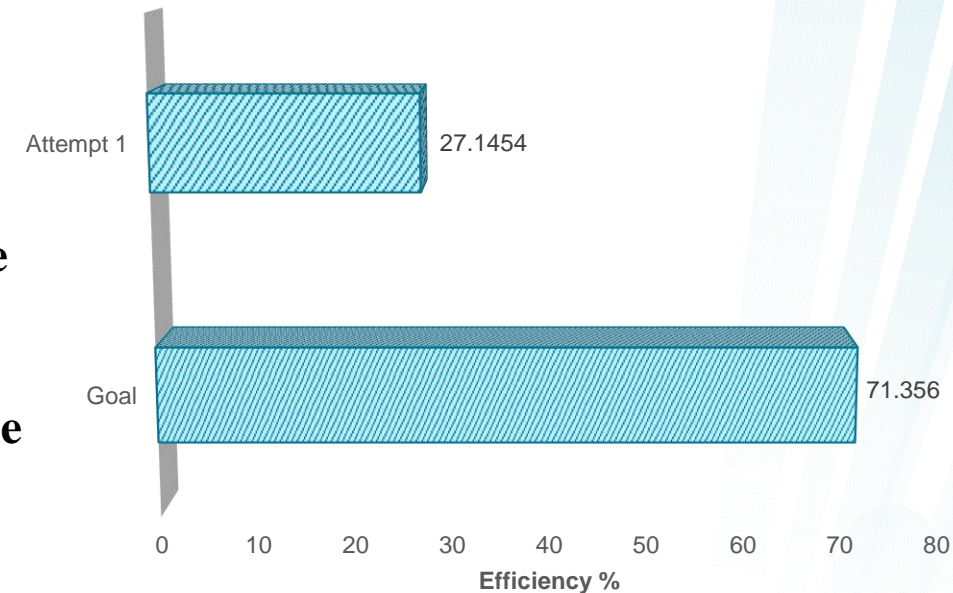
Short Nozzle



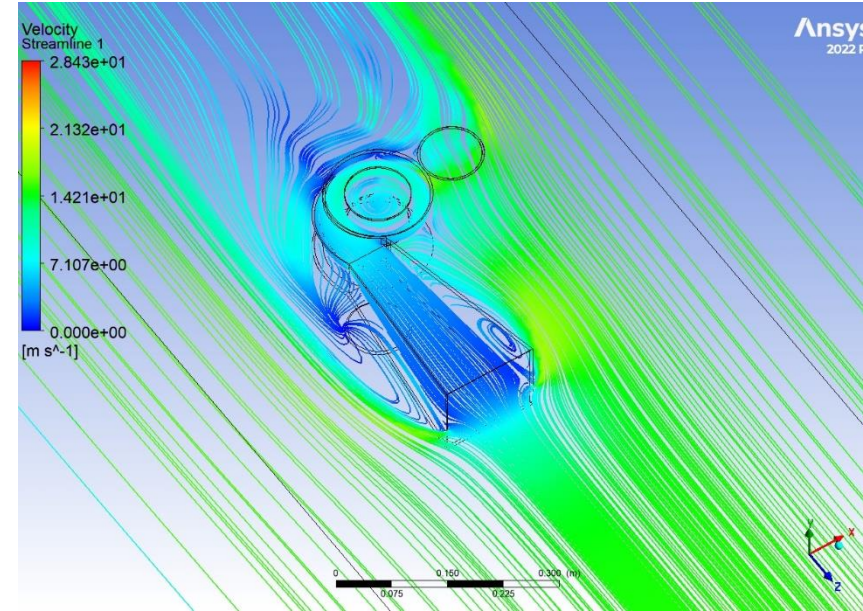
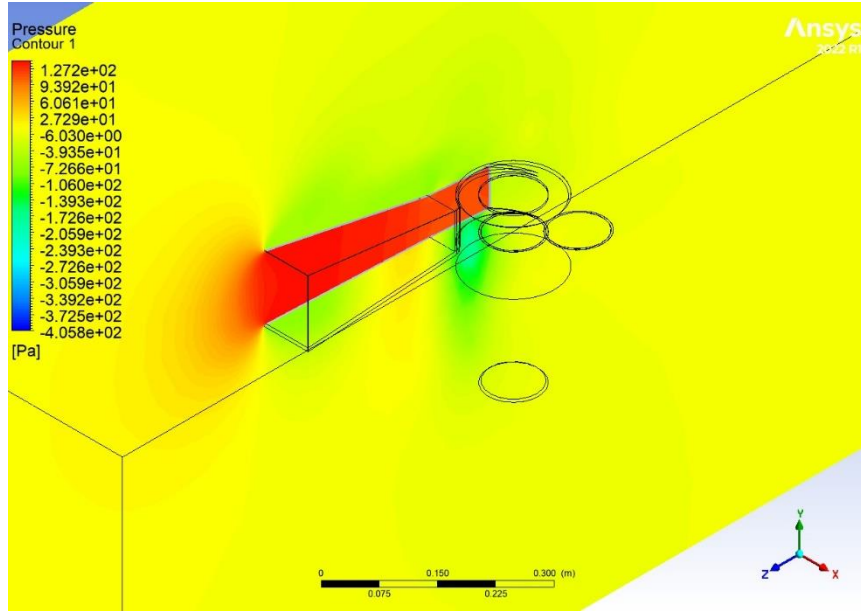
Initial wind speed - 15 m/s

Average Velocity on the inlet plane of the collector - 4.07181 m/s

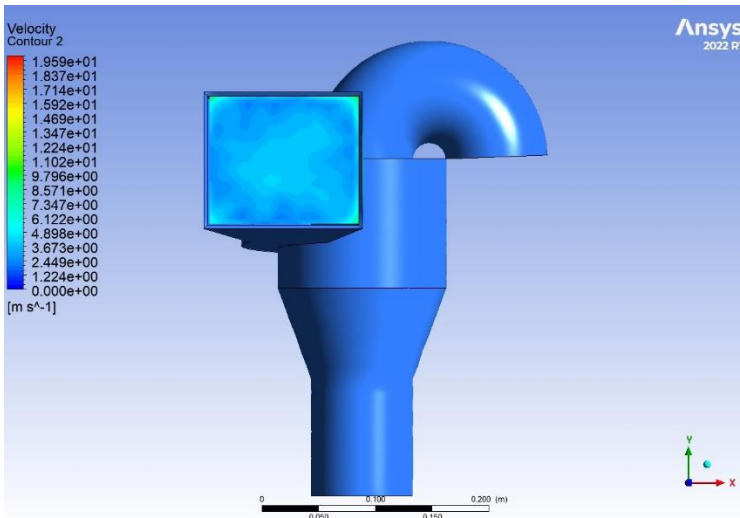
Average Pressure on the inlet plane of the collector - 132.563 Pa



Attempt 2



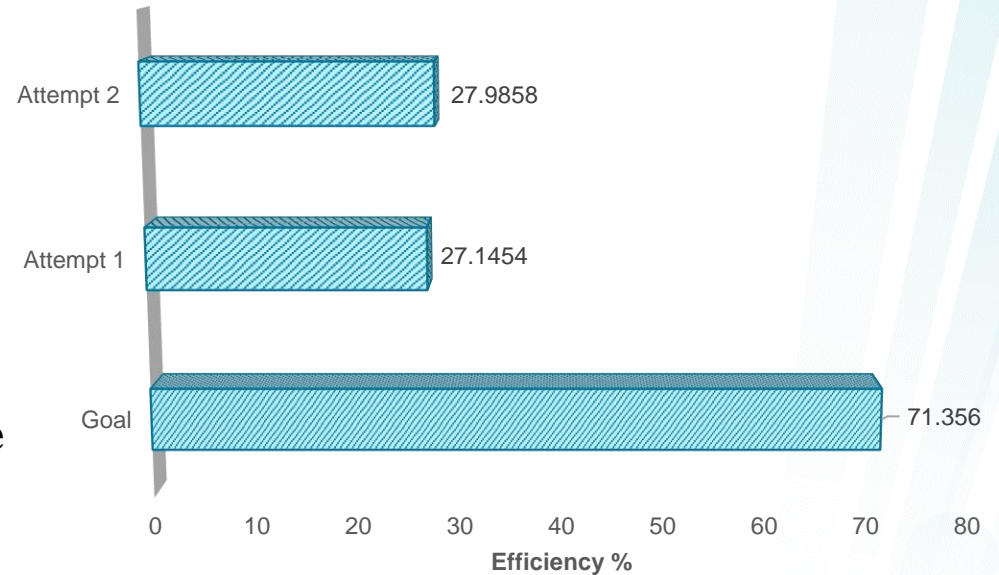
Long Nozzle



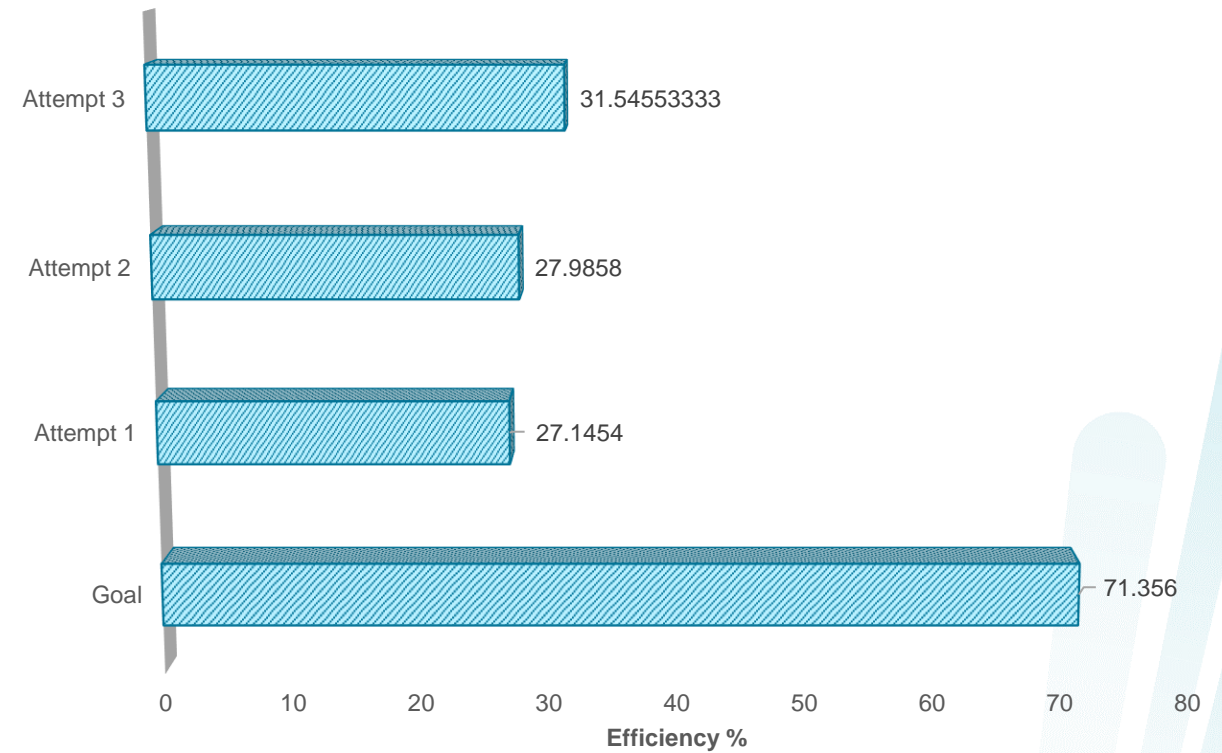
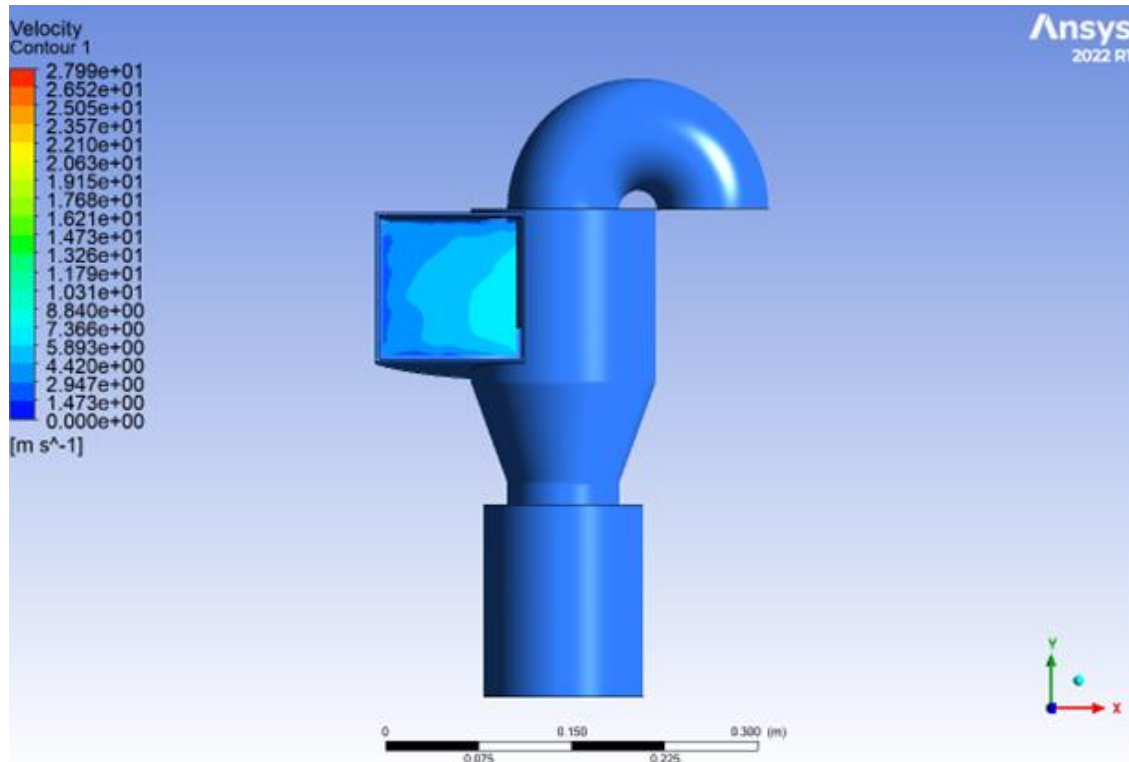
Initial wind speed - 15 m/s

Average Velocity on the inlet plane of the collector - 4.19787 m/s

Average Pressure on the inlet plane of the collector - 130.426 Pa



Attempt 3



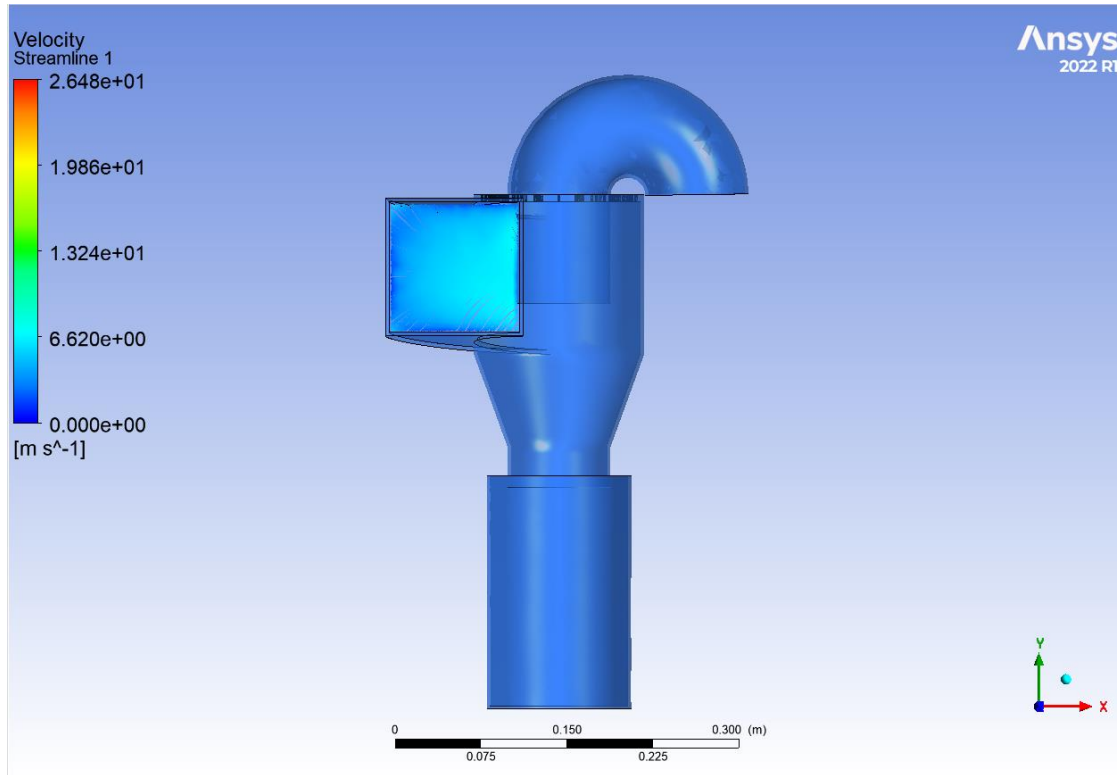
Short Nozzle disconnected base

Initial wind speed - 15 m/s

**Average Velocity on the inlet plane
of the collector - 4.73183 m/s**

**Average Pressure on the inlet plane
of the collector - 114.905 Pa**

Attempt 4

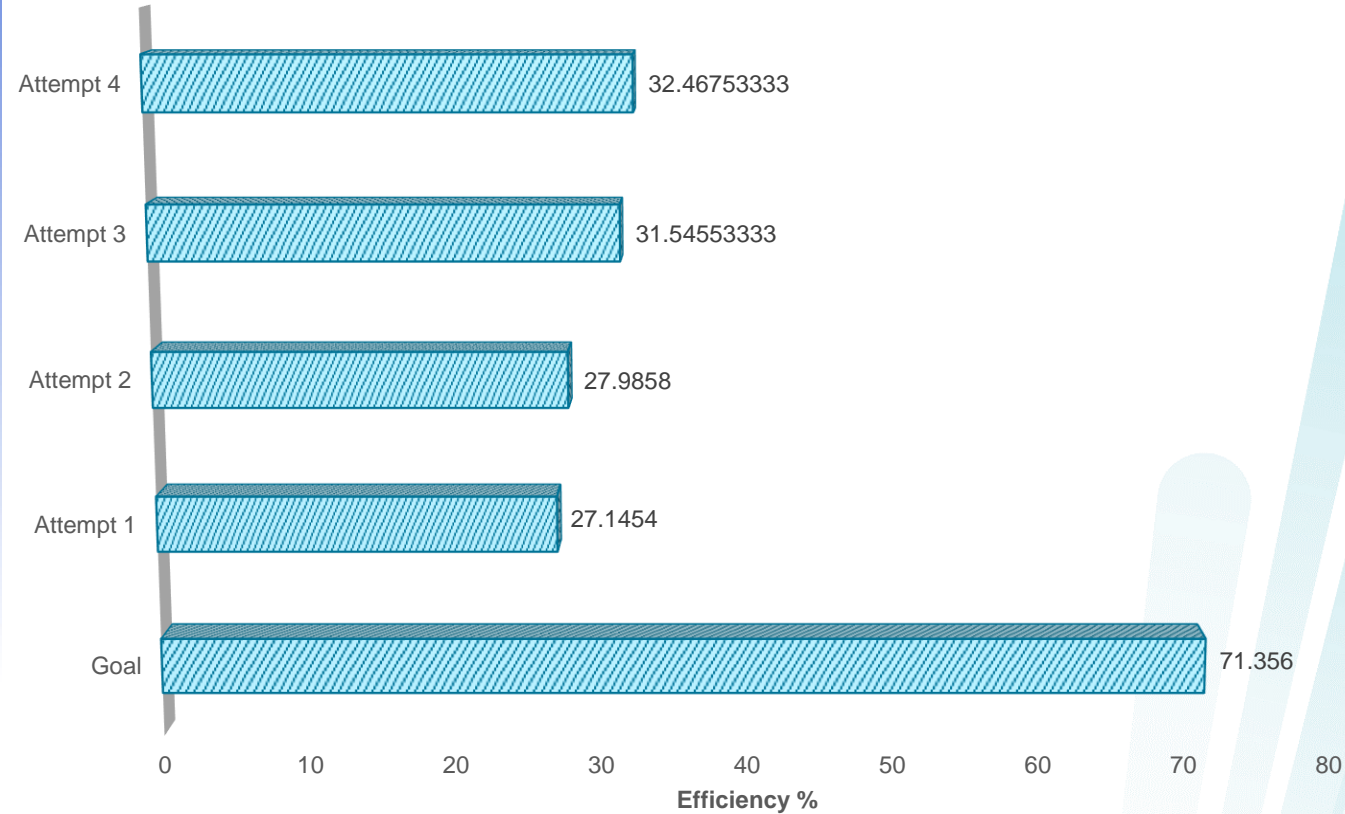


Short Nozzle disconnected base, perforated top

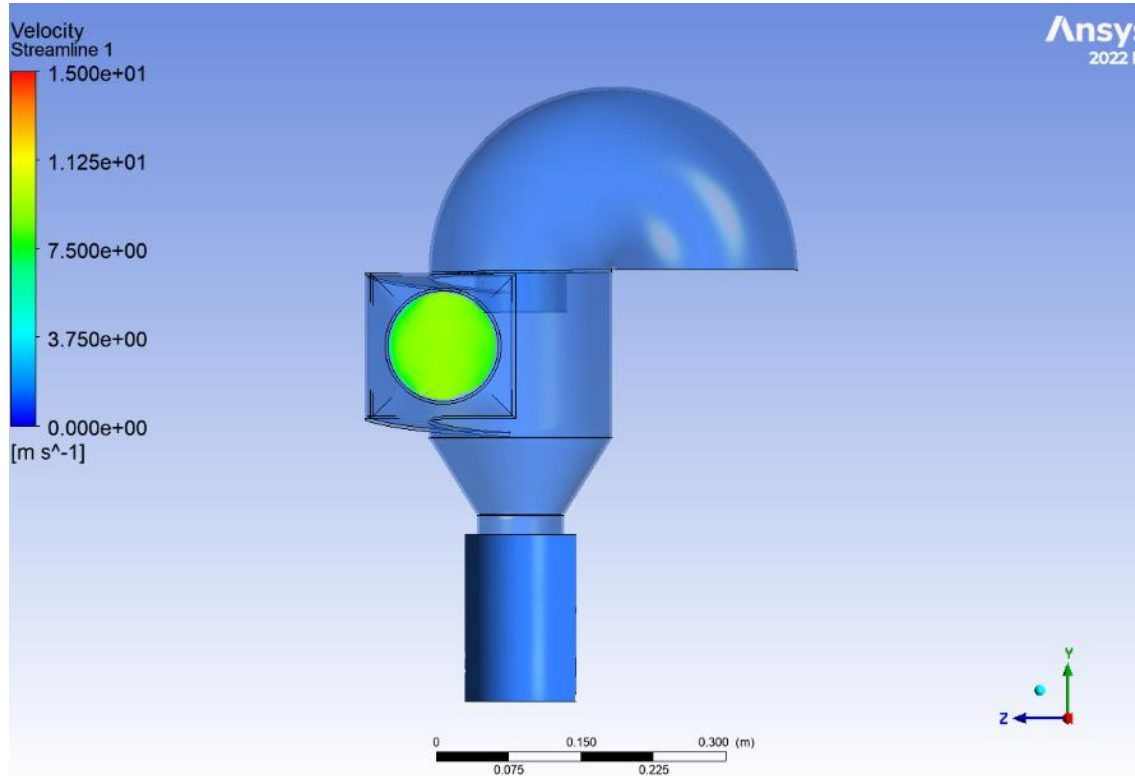
Initial wind speed - 15 m/s

**Average Velocity on the inlet plane
of the collector - 4.87013 m/s**

**Average Pressure on the inlet plane
of the collector - 127.803 Pa**



Attempt 5

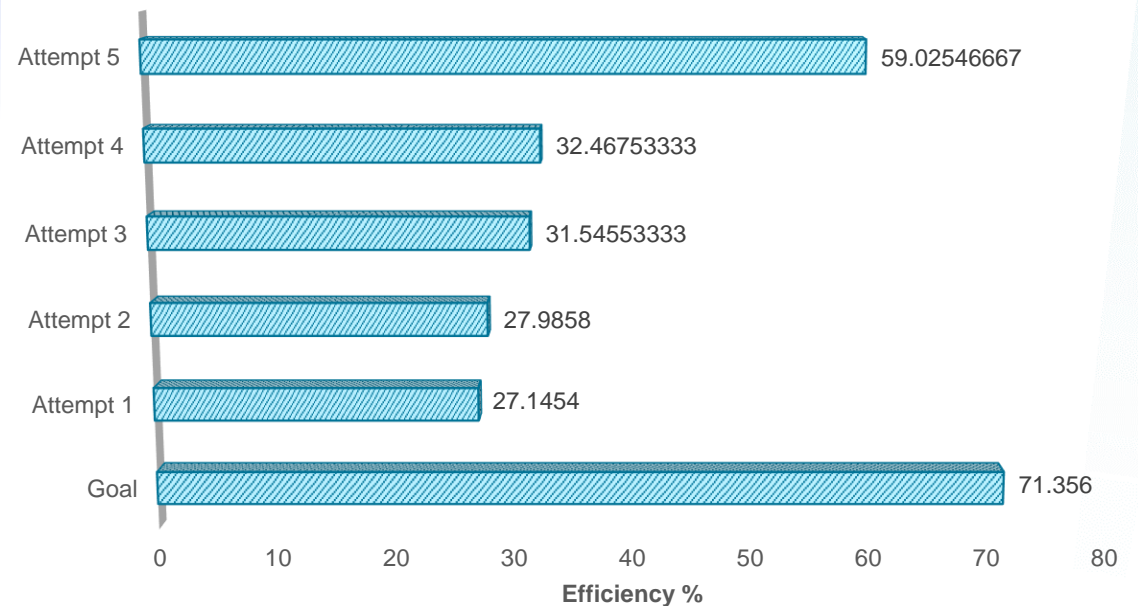
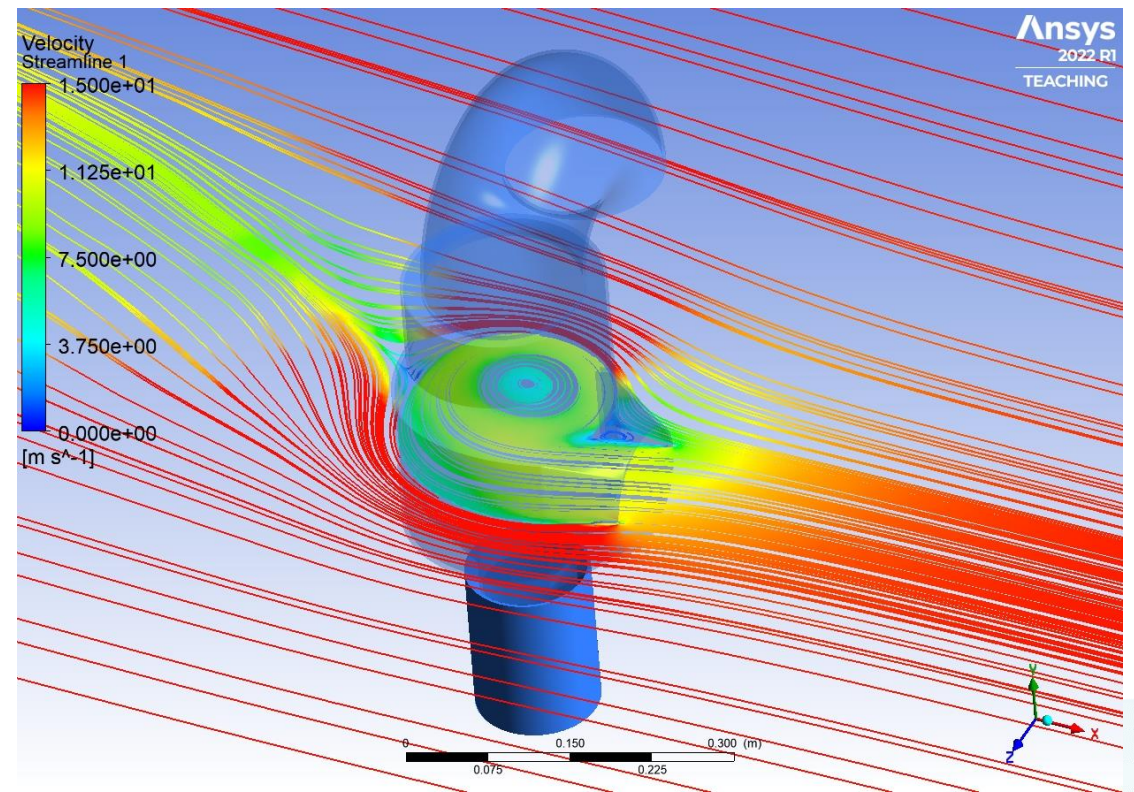


Conical Nozzle, disconnected base

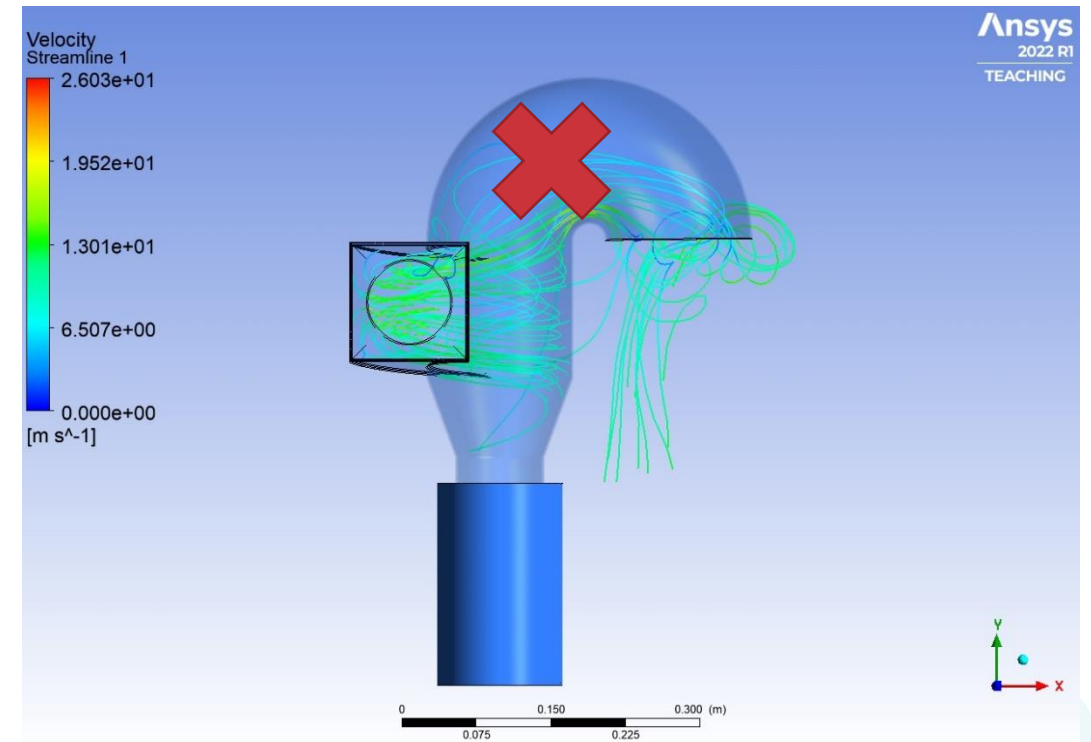
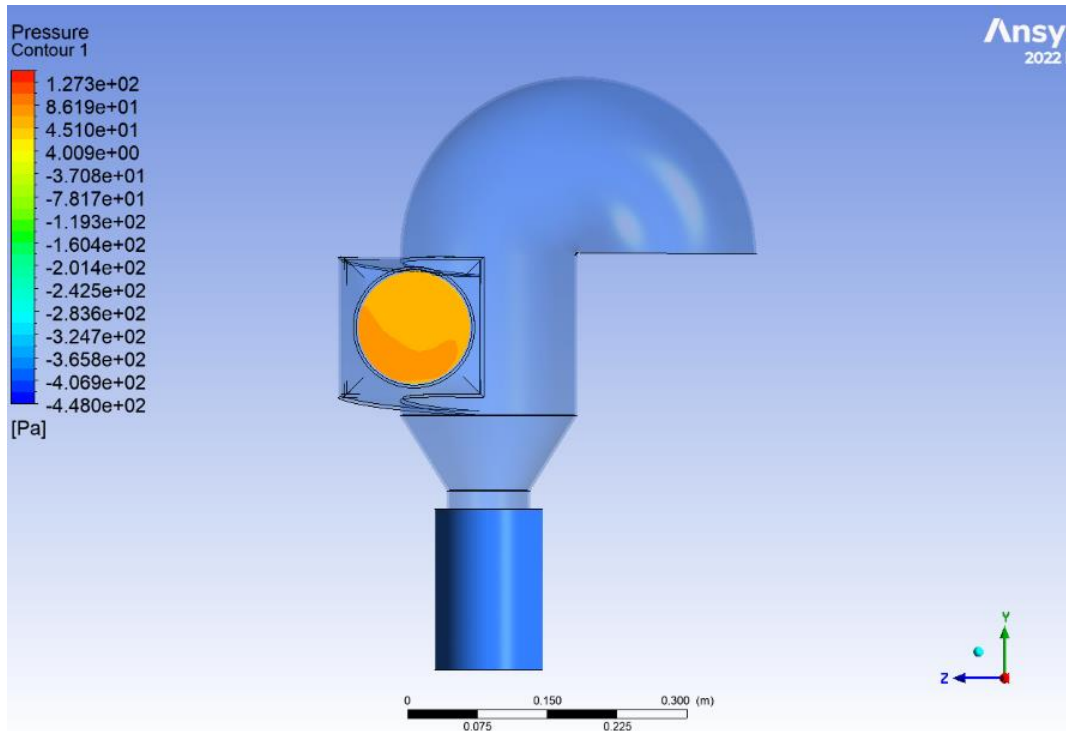
Initial wind speed - 15 m/s

Average Velocity on the inlet plane of the collector - 8.85382 m/s

Average Pressure on the inlet plane of the collector - 99.5488 Pa



Attempt 6

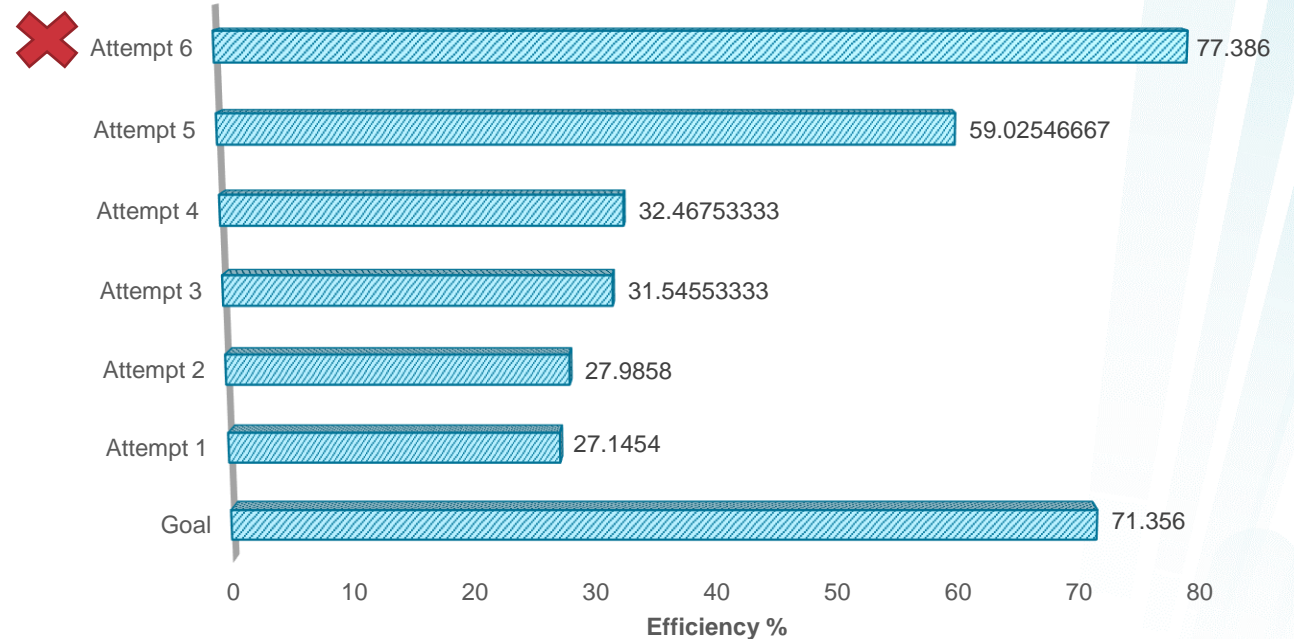


Conical nozzle, no vortex finder

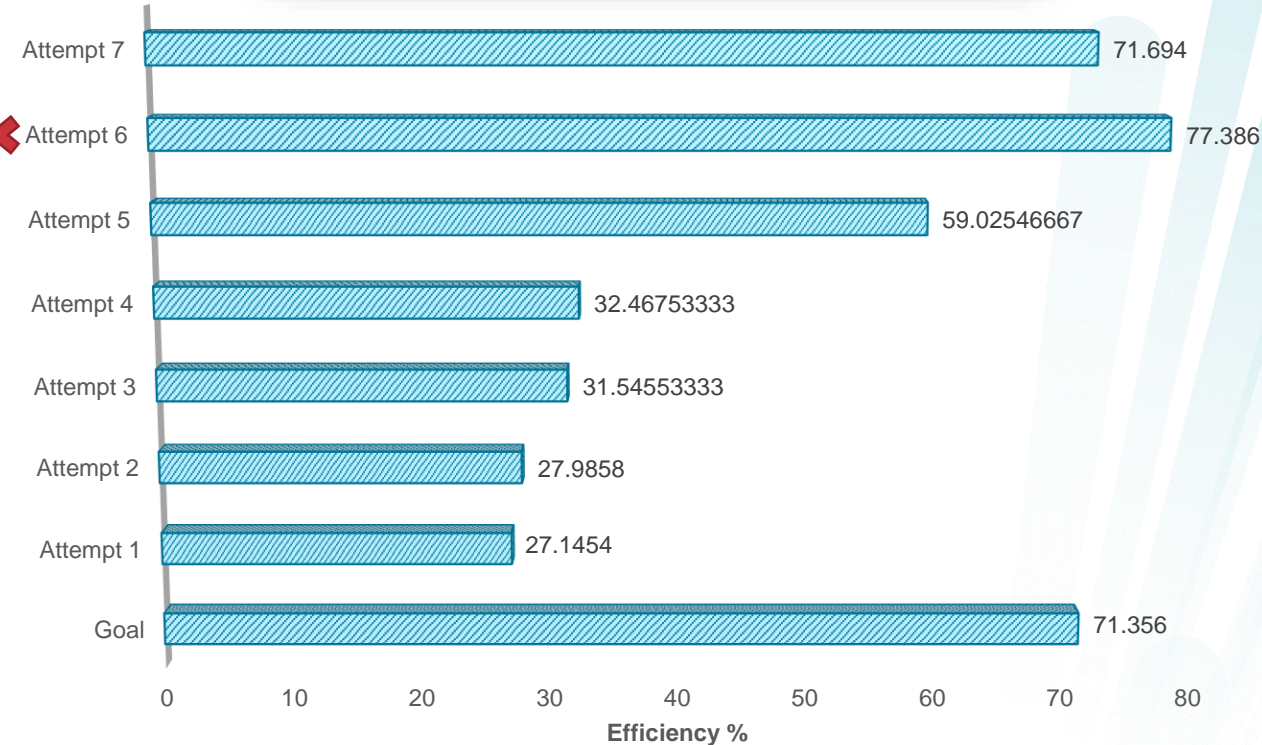
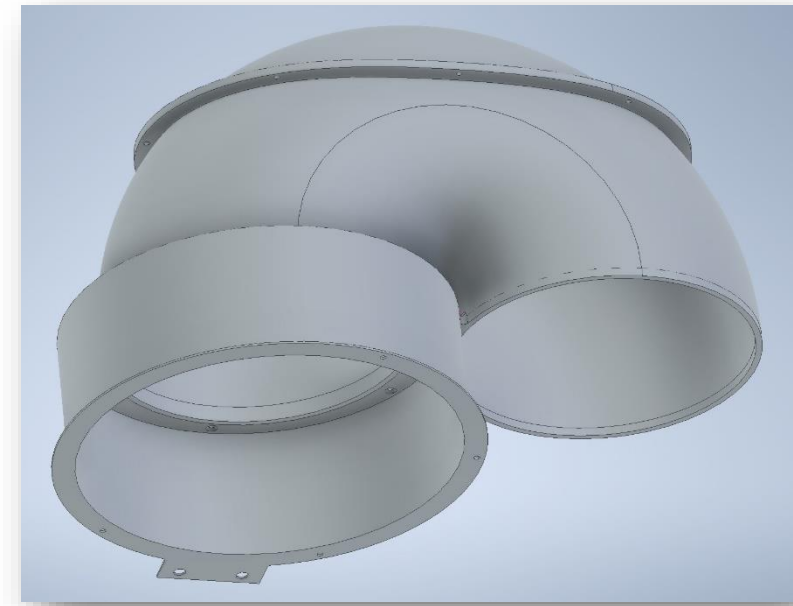
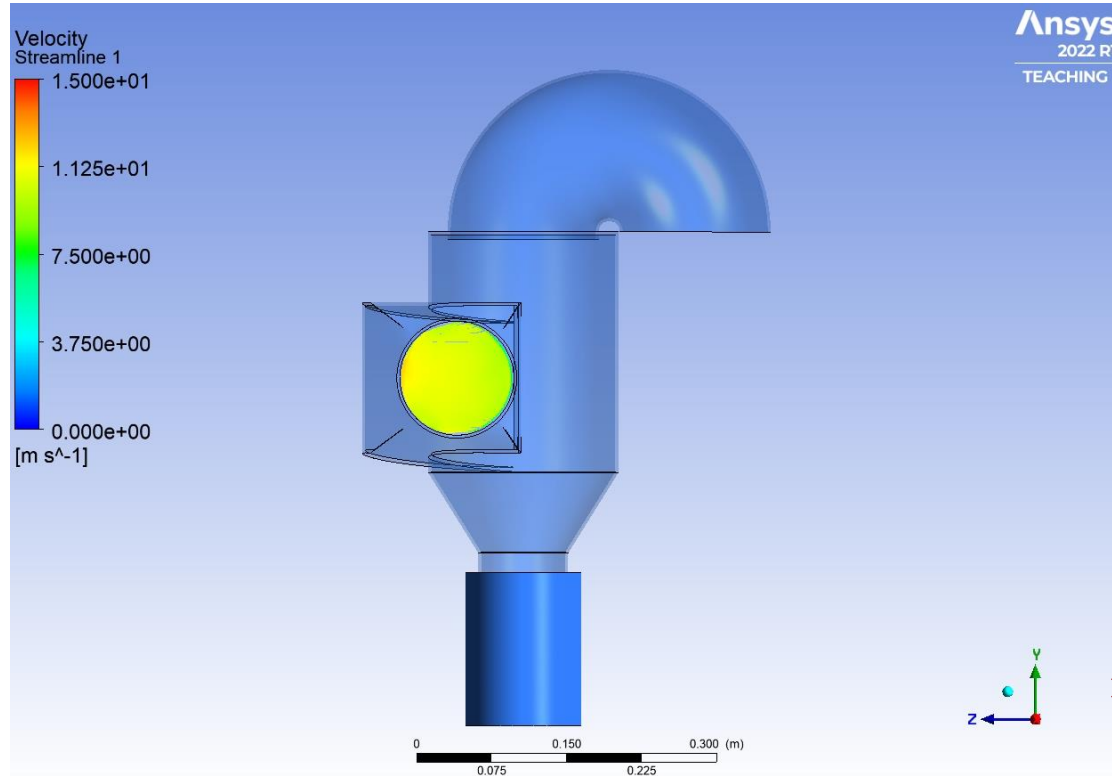
Initial wind speed - 15 m/s

**Average Velocity on the inlet plane
of the collector - 11.6079 m/s**

**Average Pressure on the inlet plane
of the collector - 63.6785 Pa**



Attempt 7



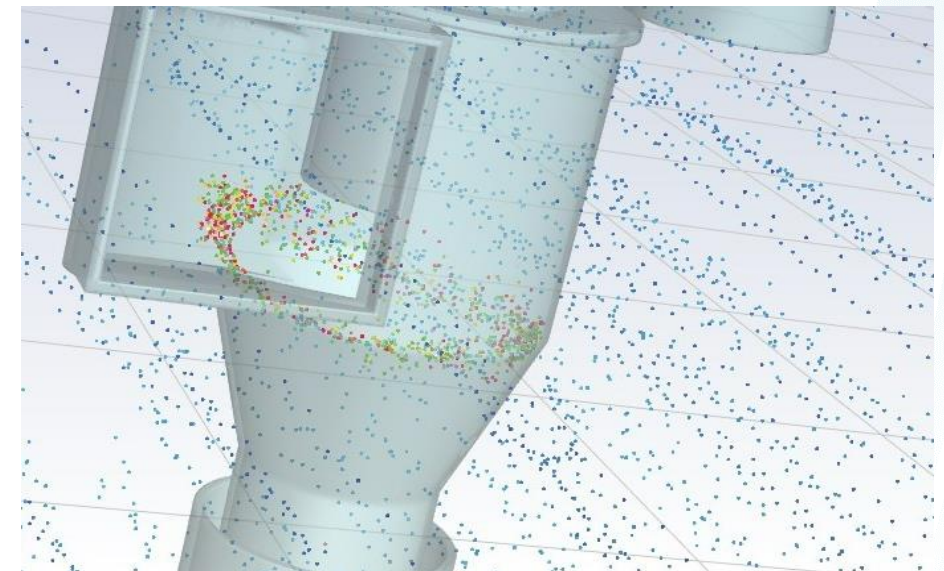
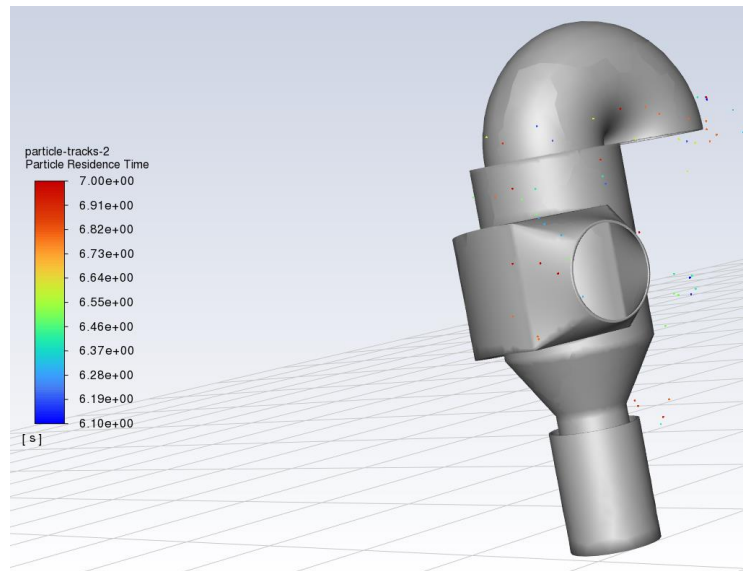
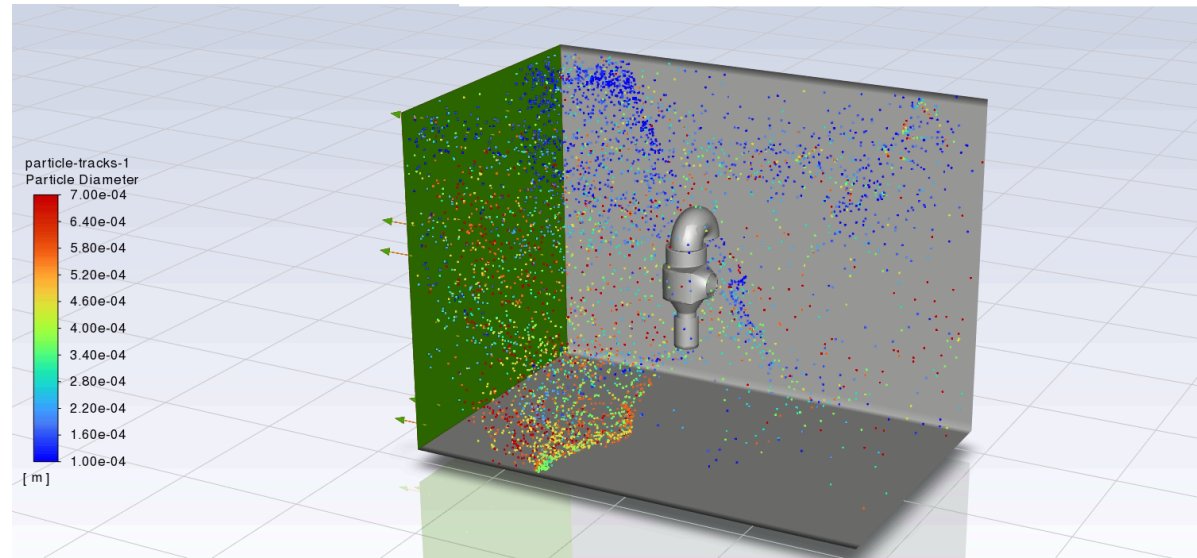
Conical nozzle, with a rim

Initial wind speed - 15 m/s

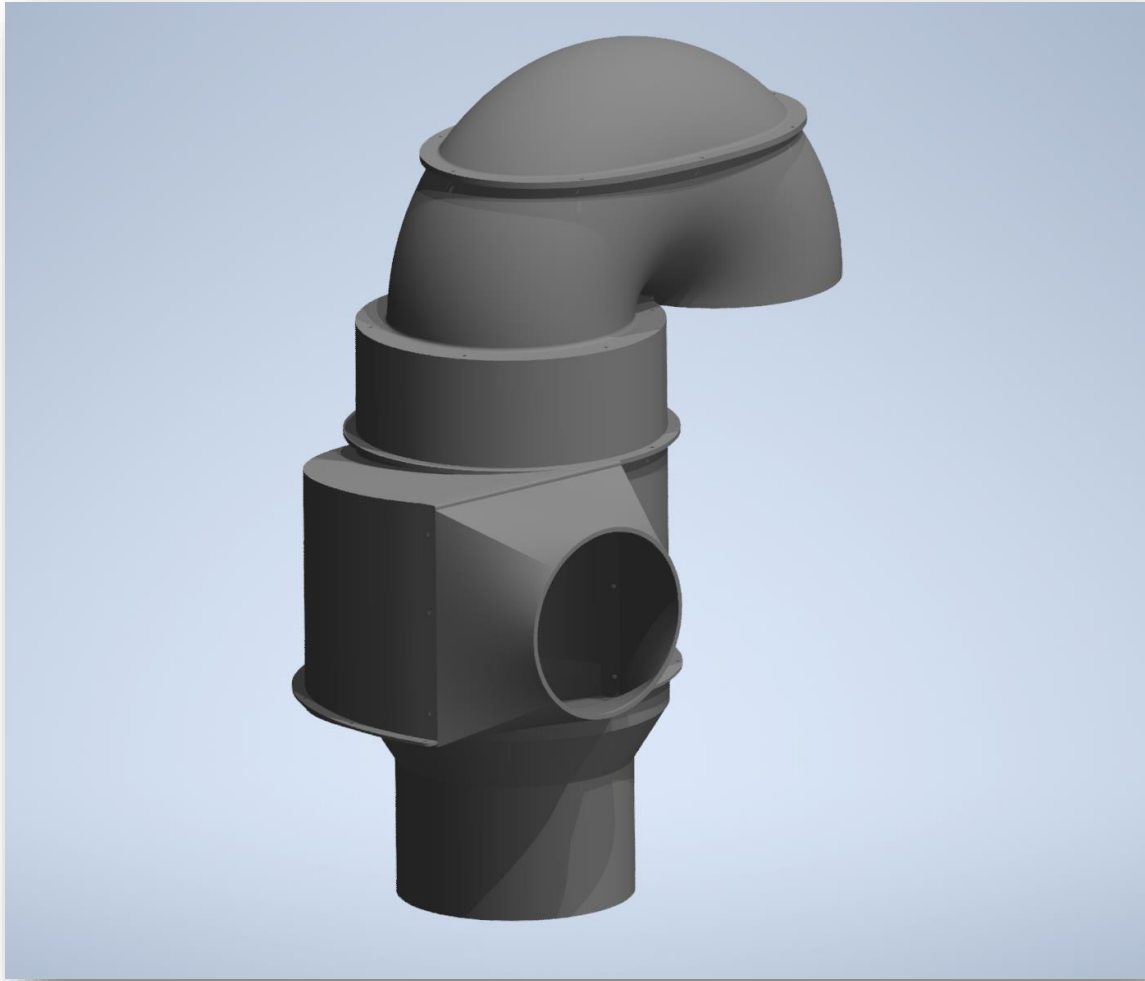
**Average Velocity on the inlet plane
of the collector - 10.7541 m/s**

**Average Pressure on the inlet plane
of the collector - 75.4132 Pa**

DPM (Discrete Phase Model)

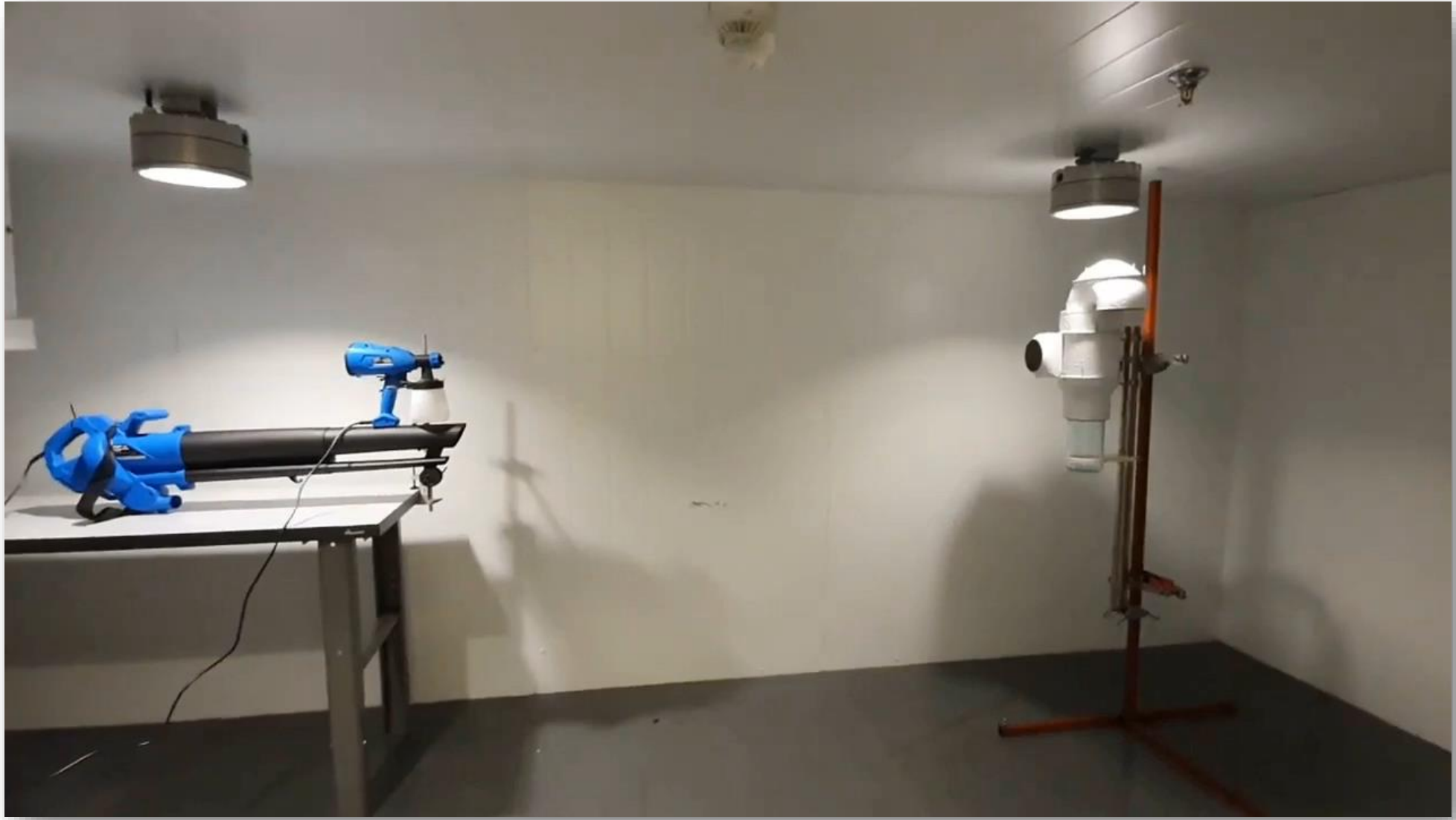


Final Design

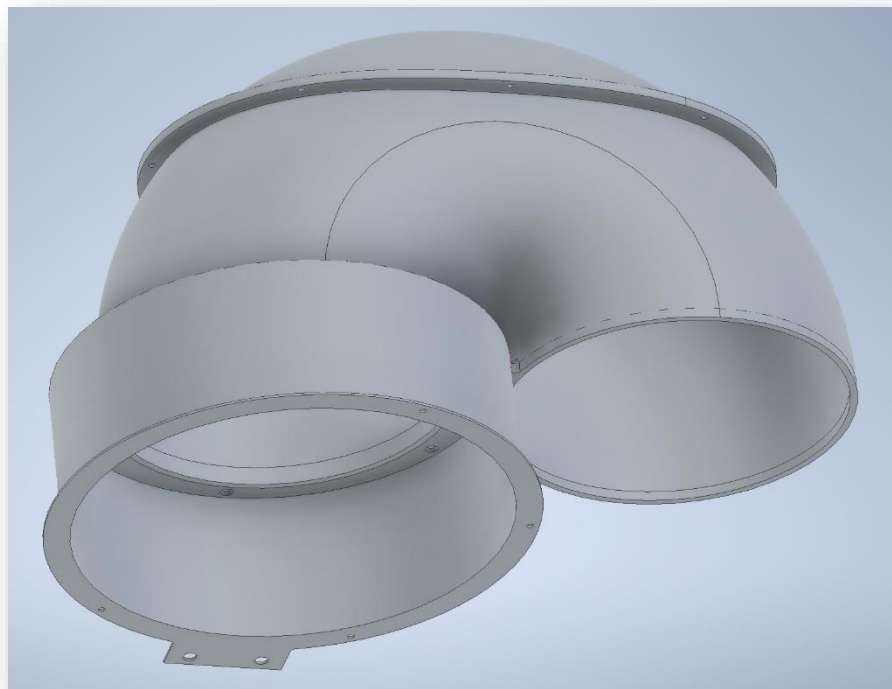


3D printed with Carbon fiber infused nylon filament

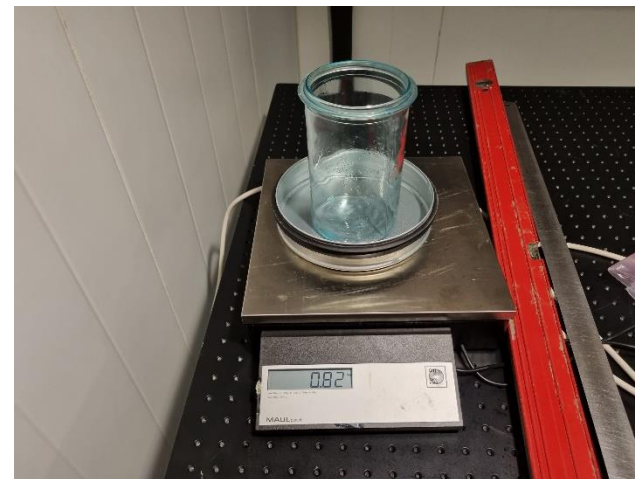
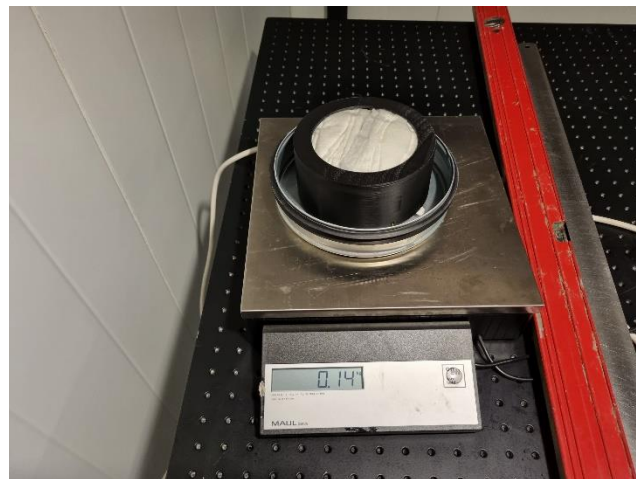
Lab Test



Lab Test



Lab Test



Field deployment

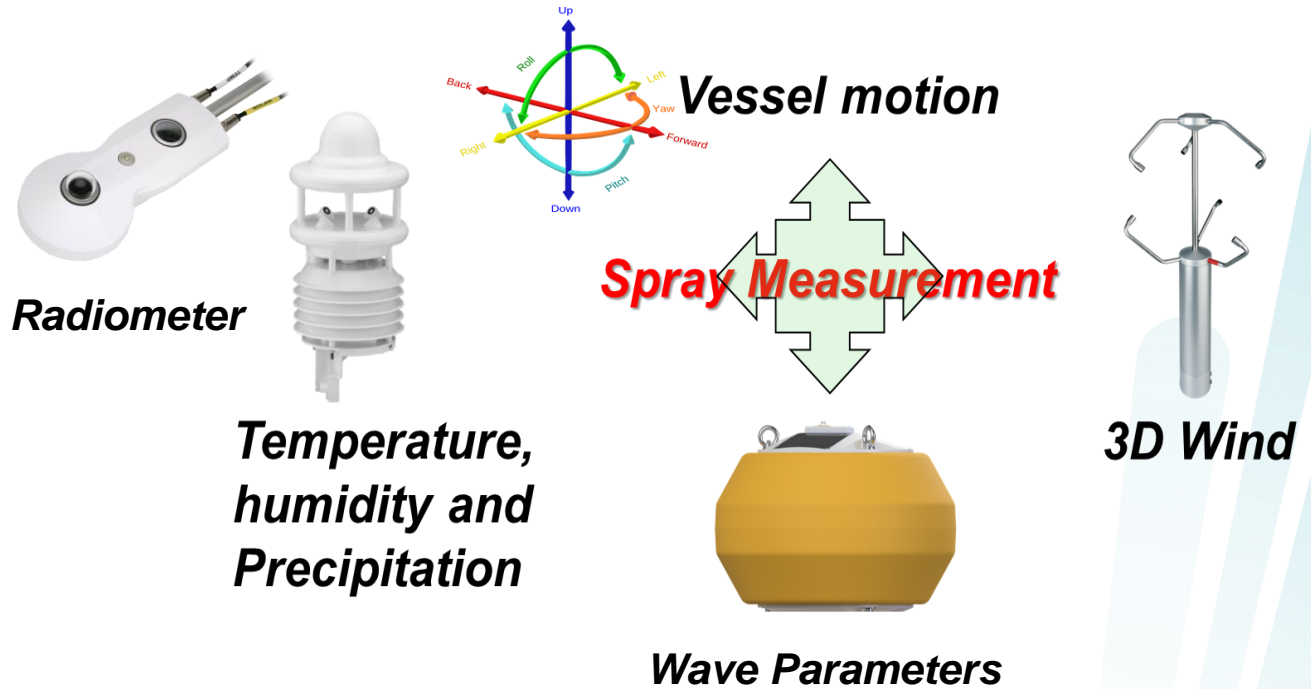
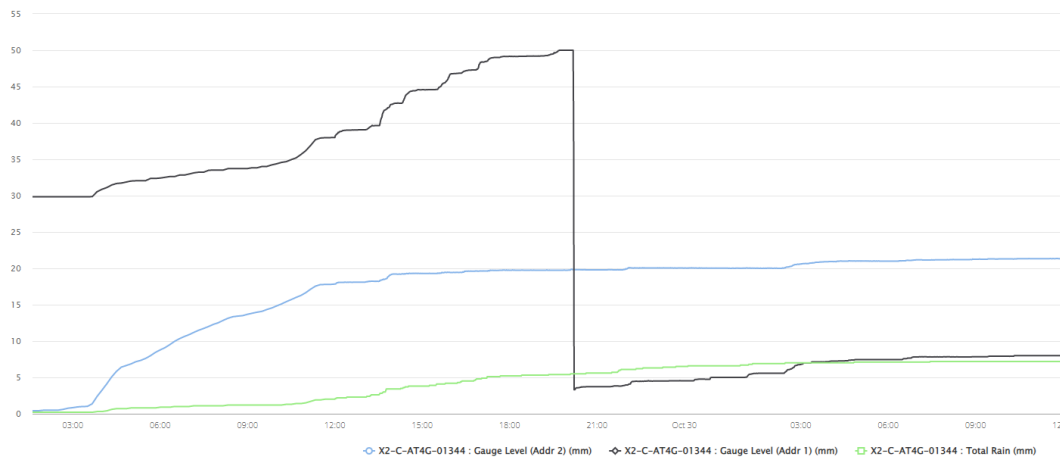


Real-time autonomous spray collector

Field deployment, 7th October 2022



Real-time autonomous spray collector



Thanks for listening



<https://en.uit.no/project/sprice>